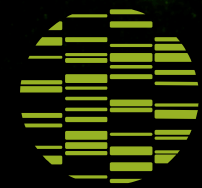
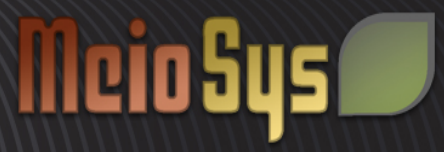
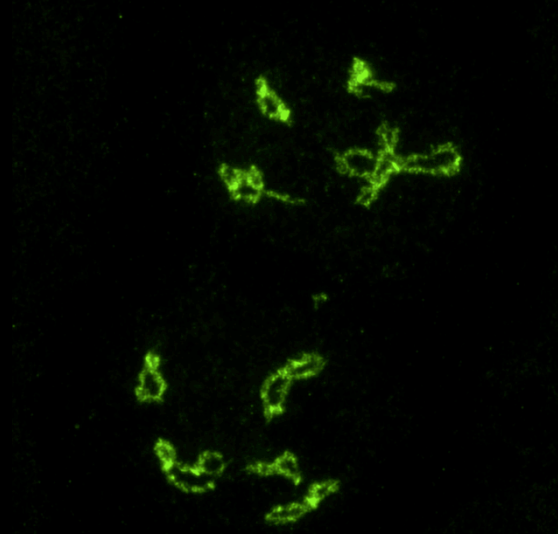


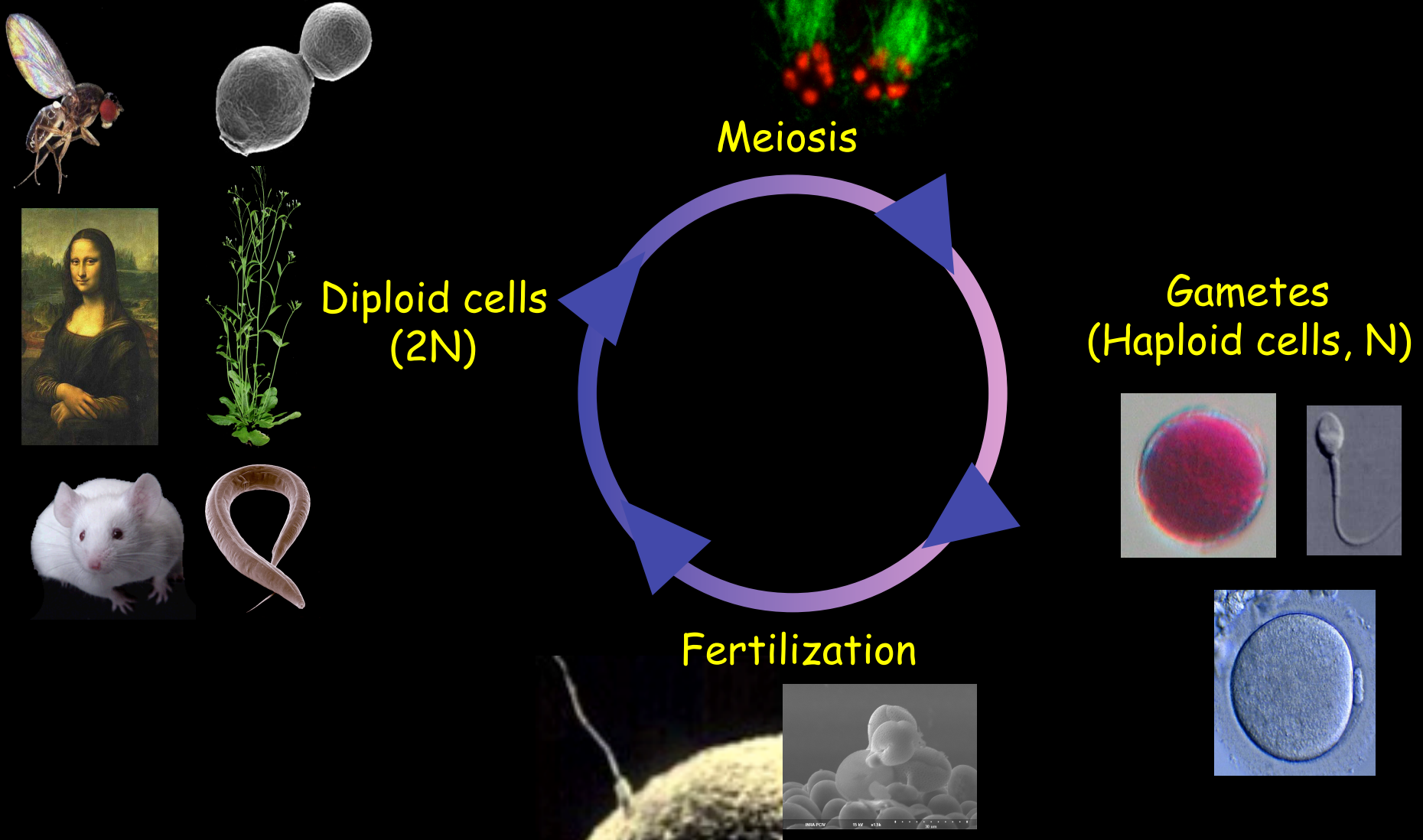
# Recombinaison méiotique chez *Arabidopsis thaliana*: beaucoup de contraintes pour peu d'évènements

Institut Jean-Pierre Pierre Bourgin  
UMR1318, ERL3559  
INRA Agro Paris Tech  
Versailles  
France



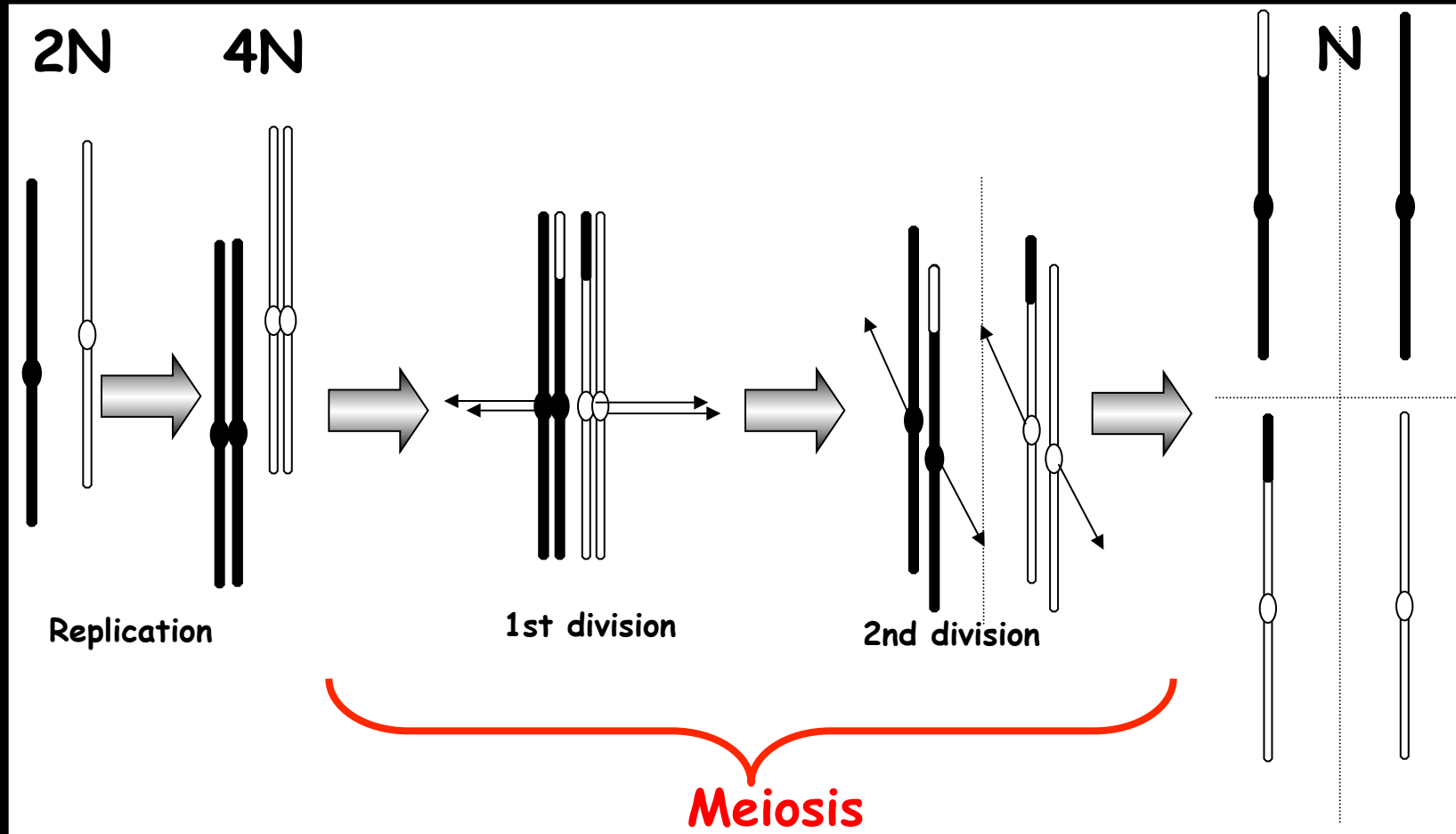
**INRA**  
SCIENCE & IMPACT

# Meiosis is a key step in the cell cycle of sexual reproduction

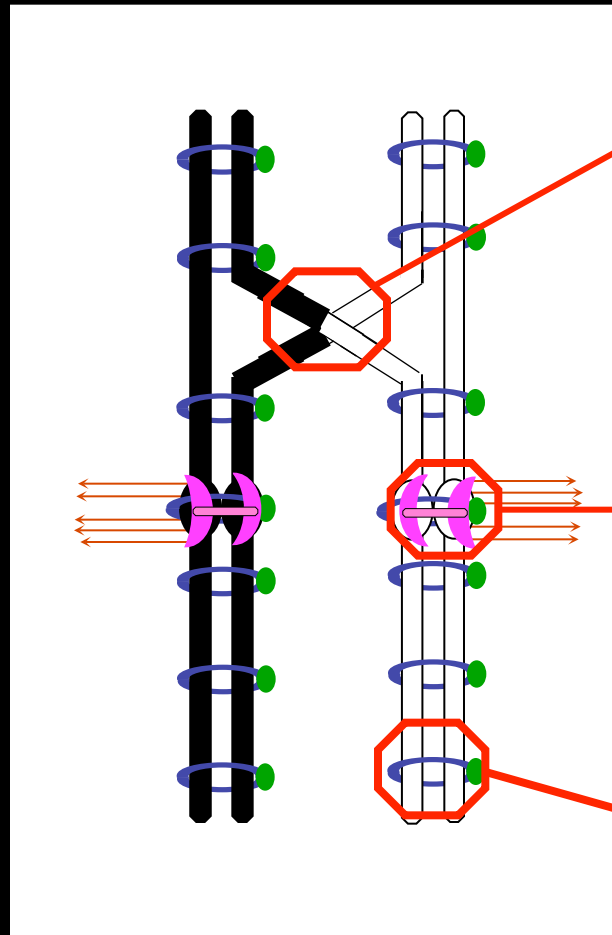


# Meiosis : reduction of ploidy

One set of DNA replication followed by two cell divisions



# The segregation of homologous chromosomes at 1st meiotic division depends on the formation of a stable bivalent



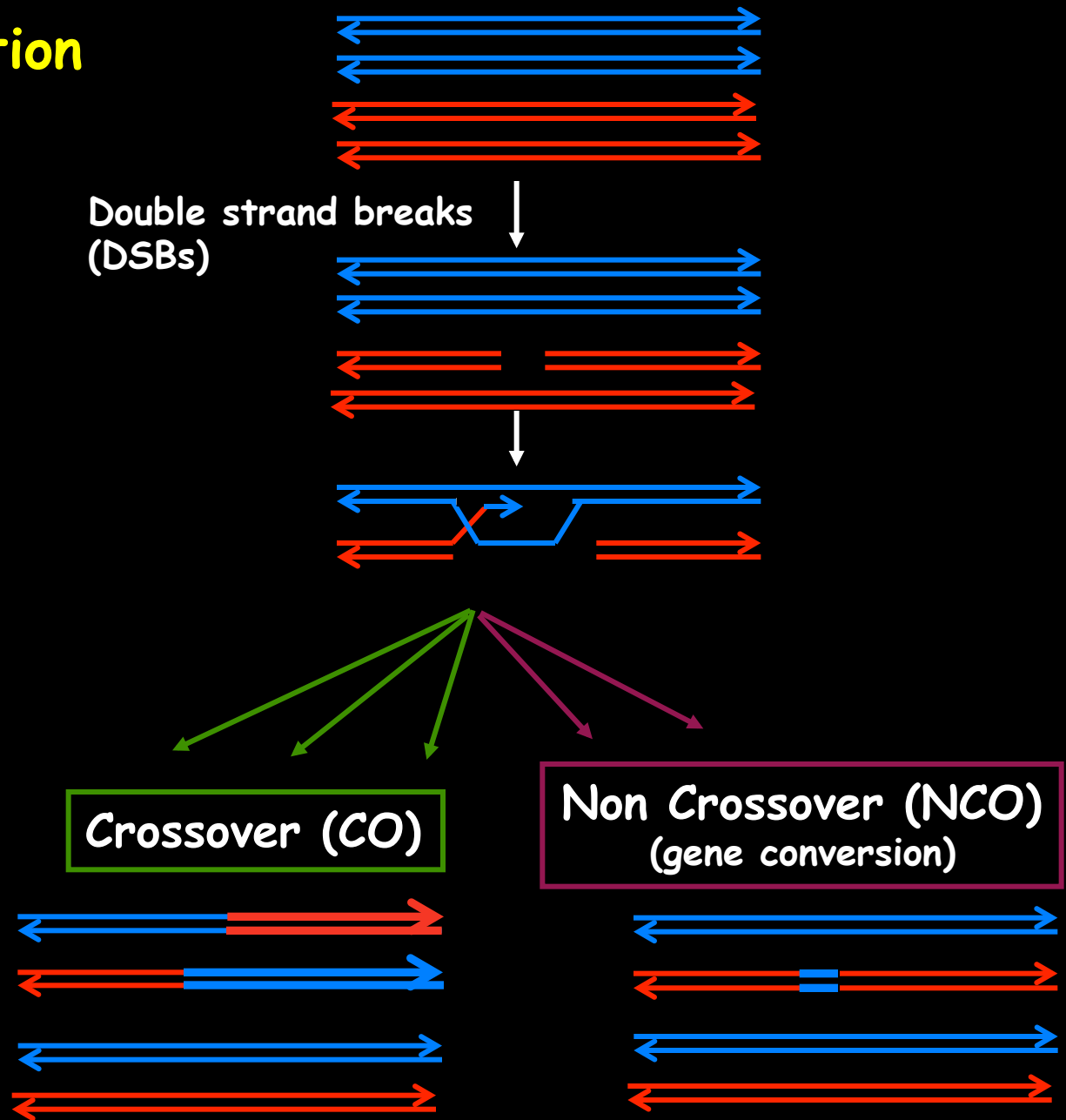
Recombination : at least one Crossing-Over/bivalent

Monopolar orientation of the kinetochores

Sister chromatid cohesion

# Meiotic Recombination

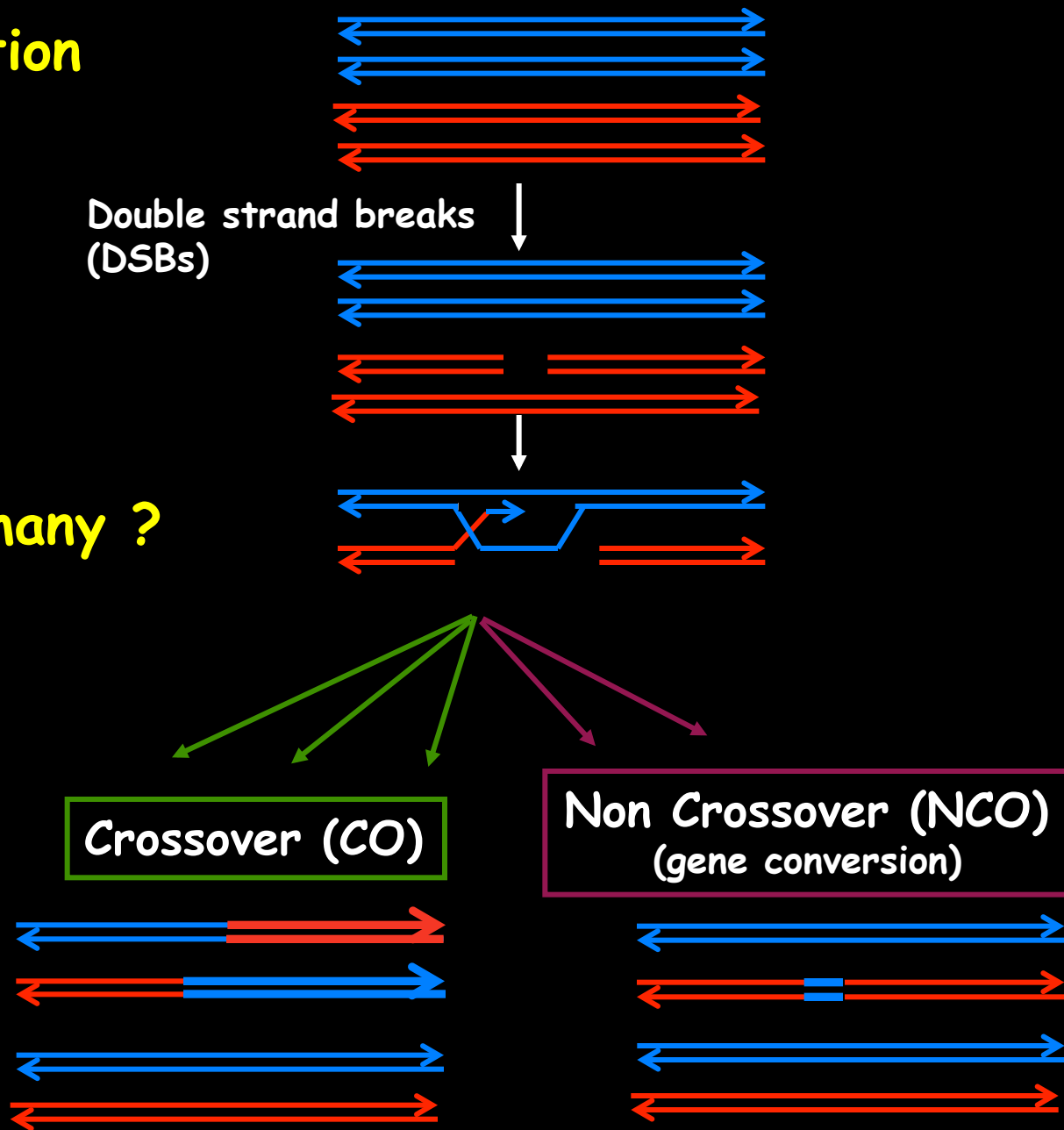
Double strand breaks  
(DSBs)



# Meiotic Recombination

Where and how many ?

Double strand breaks  
(DSBs)



# Recombination in meiosis : where and how many ?

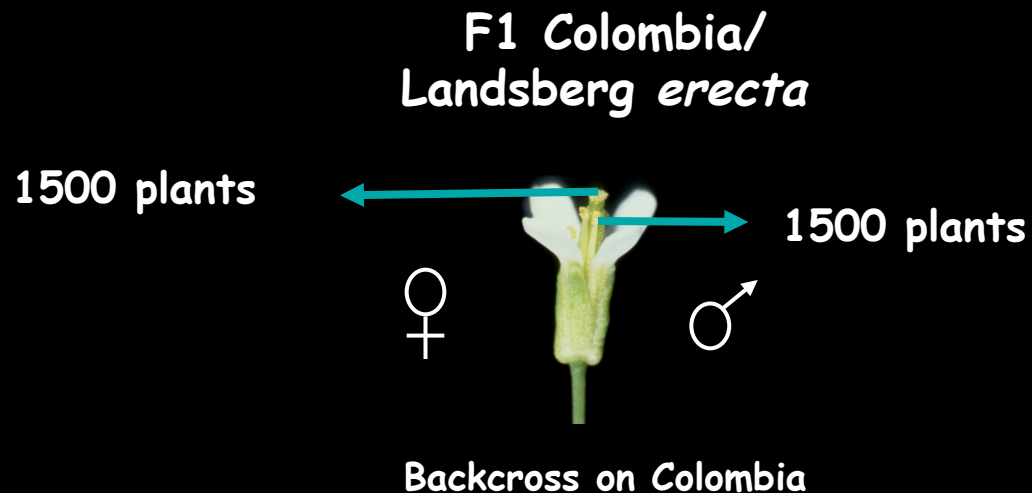
---

3 strategies in parallel :

- . Genome wide analysis of COs rate and distribution
- . Hotspot of meiotic recombination
- . Analysis of the number and the type of recombination events (CO and NCO) in ONE Single Meiosis

# Genome wide analysis of COs rate and distribution

## CO distribution in male and female meiosis





# Choix technologique

---

Project (written in 2009)

Population of **3000** plants

1 marker each centimorgan thus each 250-300 Kb : ~ **480 markers needed**

Choice of BeadXpress Illumina : 384 SNPs (1SNP/ 315 kb)

Test with a first series of markers:

around 10 % of Markers did not worked

new set of markers tried but problemes with some of the markers that were OK before

A few SNPs were genotyped with Taqman

Singletons were verified by standard PCR (around 450)

Conclusion: + good results

- a long way to get them and technique not so flexible ...

# There are more COs in male meiosis than in female meiosis

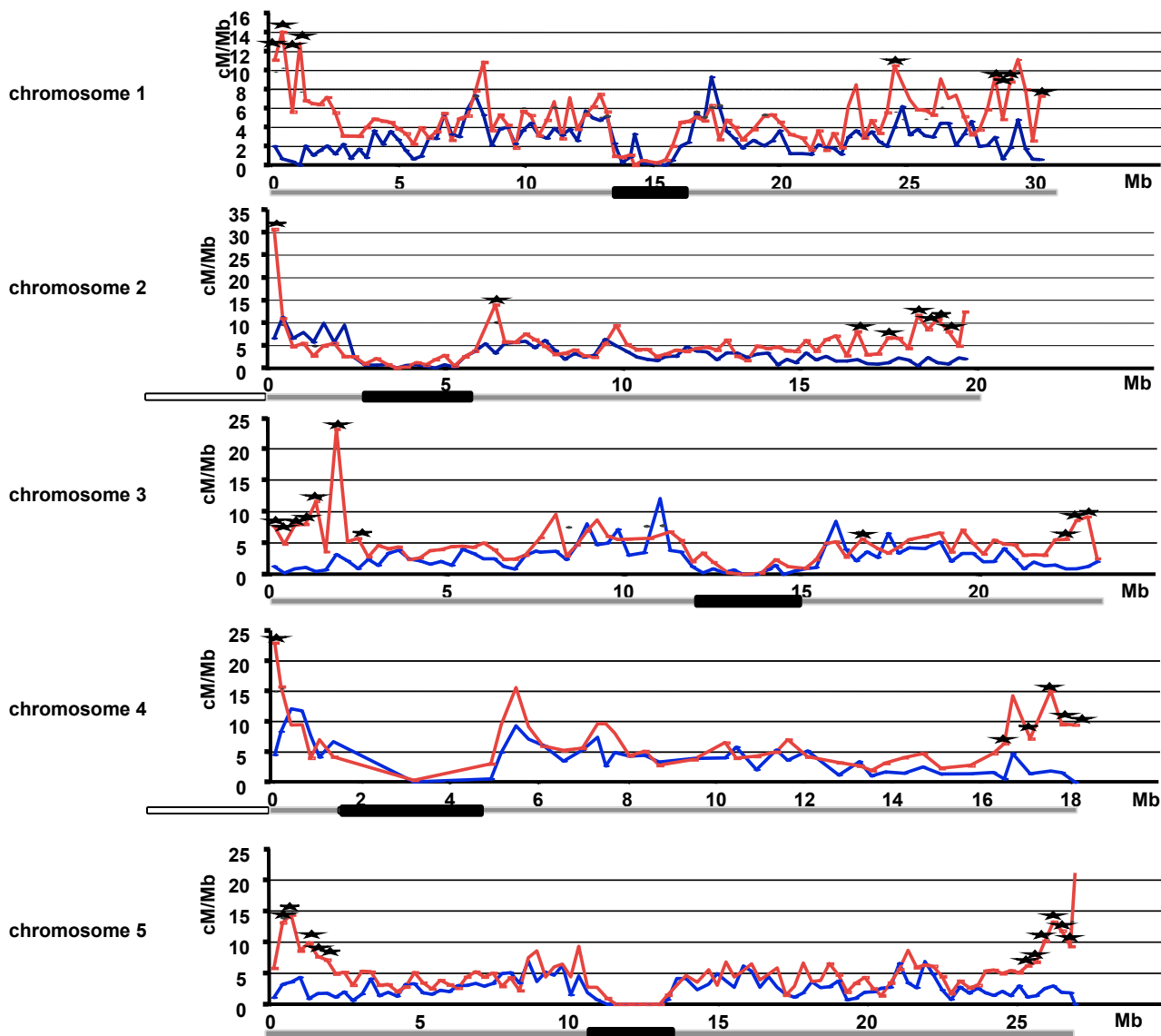
---

	Female	Male	Pool
number of COs detected	8532	13535	
COs per meiosis	6.6	11.1	8,9
1 cM	361 kb	209 kb	285 kb
Genetic Map cM	332	575	

M /F CO rate : 1.7

# CO distribution is different in male and female meiosis

Giraut et al, 2011



— Male  
— Female

# Conclusions part 1

Giraut et al, 2011

More COs in Male than in Female meiosis

Distribution of COs varies between Male and Female meiosis

In Female Meiosis: CO rates correlate (-) with GC %, genes  
(+) TEs

In Male Meiosis: CO rates correlate (+) with CpG

Interference varies between male and female meiosis,  
between chromosomes (Basu-Roy et al, 2013)

?????

# Recombination in meiosis : Where and How Many events ?

3 approaches in parallel :

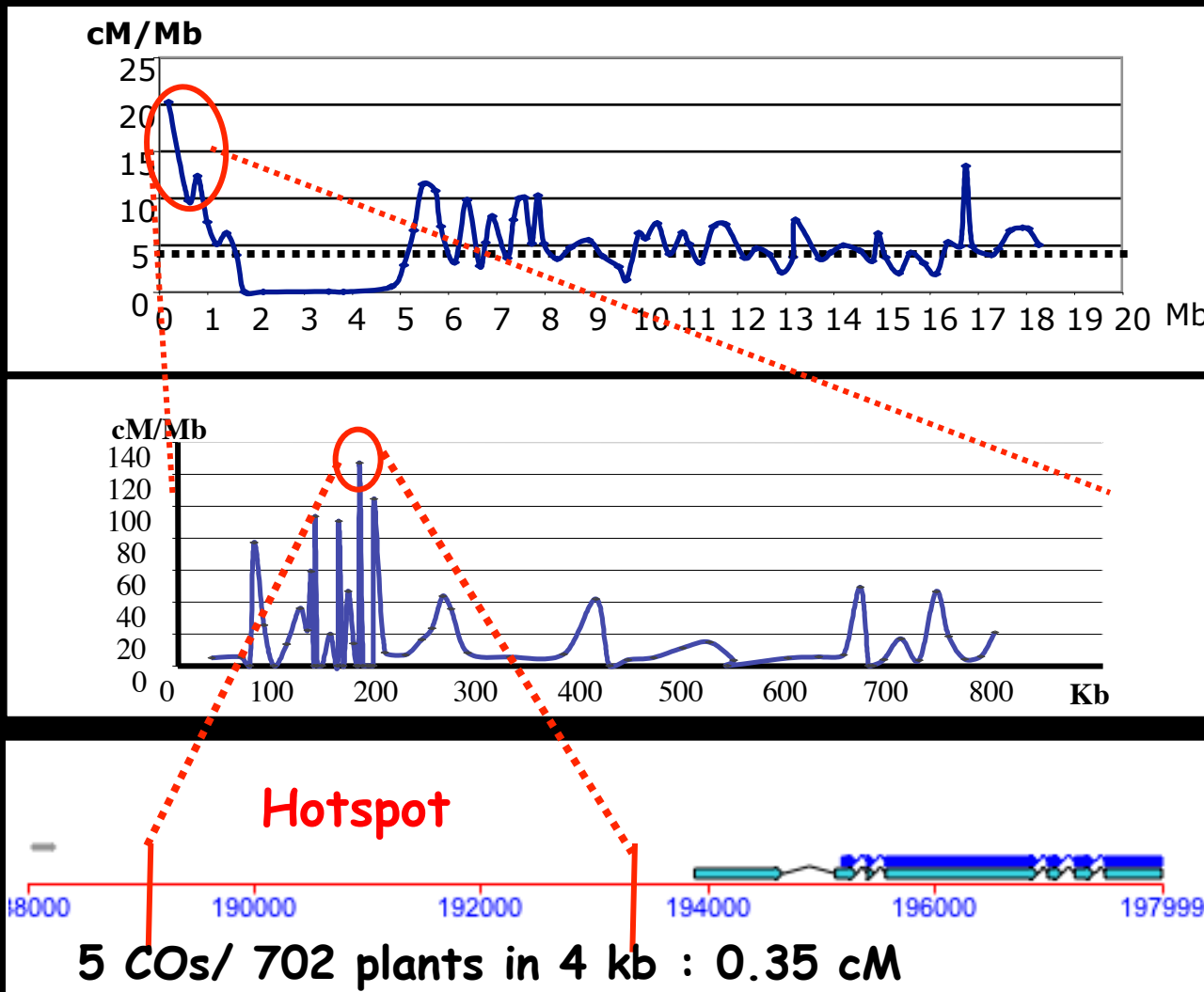
- . Genome wide analysis of COs rate and distribution
- . Hotspot of meiotic recombination
- . Analysis of the number and the type of recombination vents (CO and NCO) in A Single Meiosis

# The distribution of COs is not homogeneous at any scale

Chromosome 4

Pieces of Chromosome

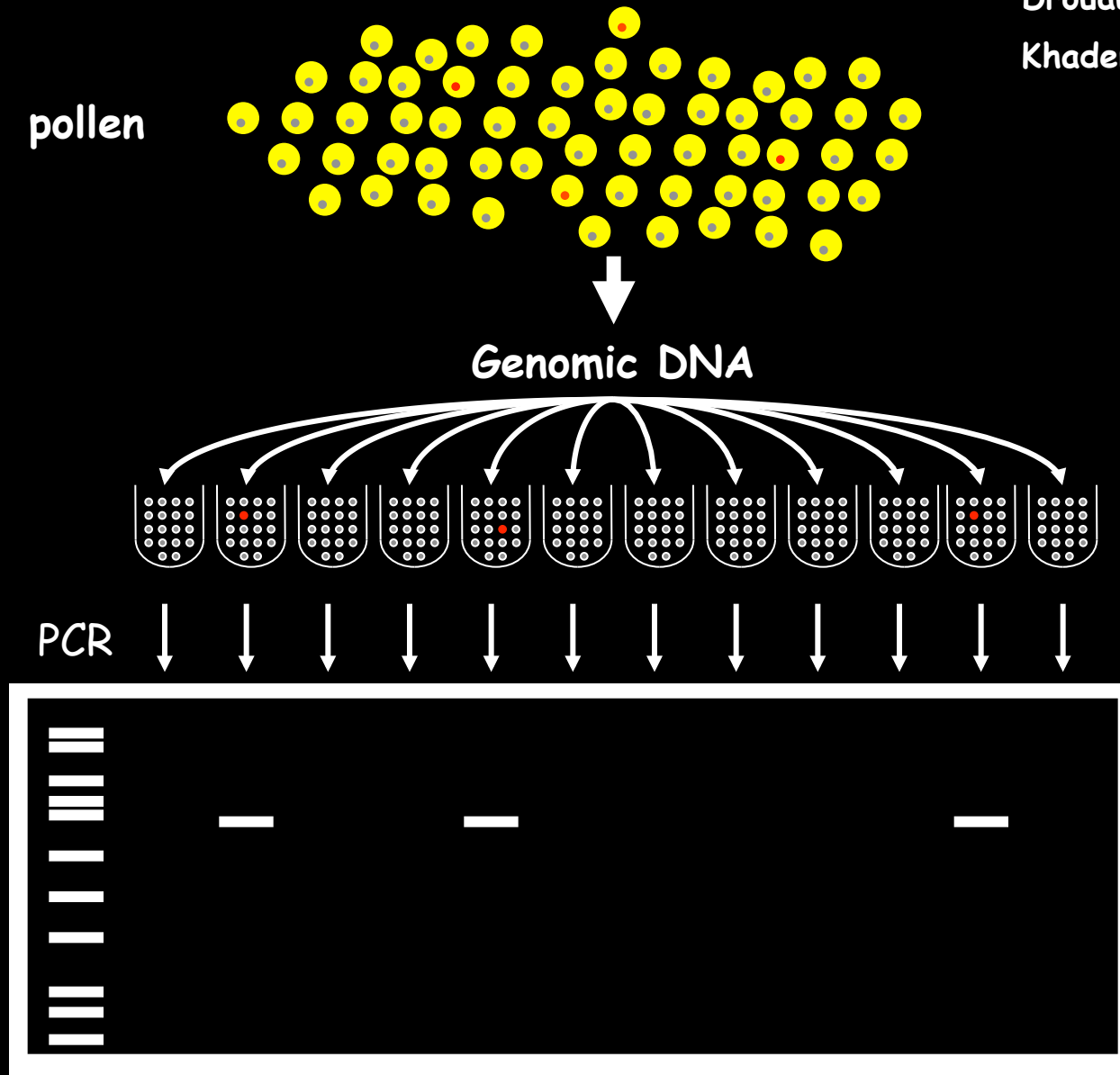
Kilobases



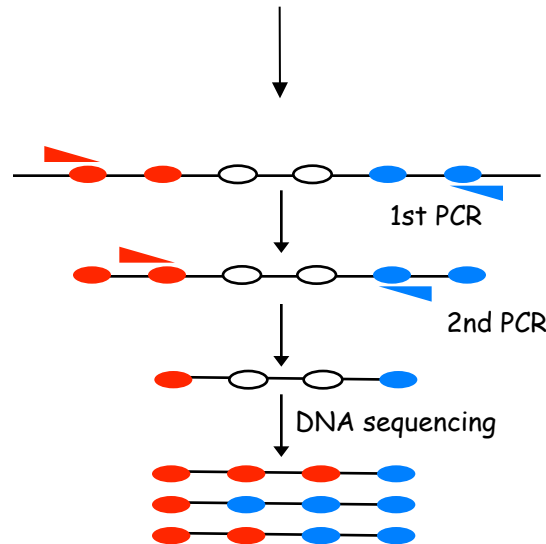
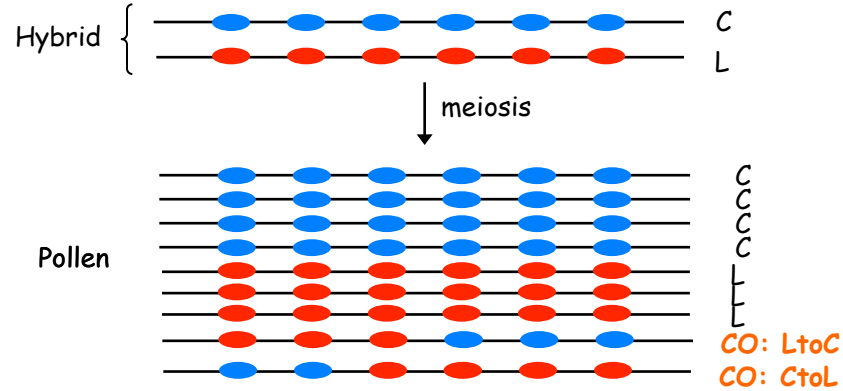
# An out line of the "Pollen typing" approach

Drouaud et al., 2011

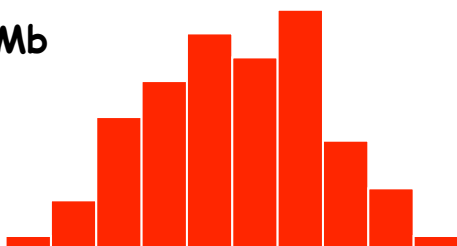
Khademian et al., 2012



# CO detection: PCR based strategy



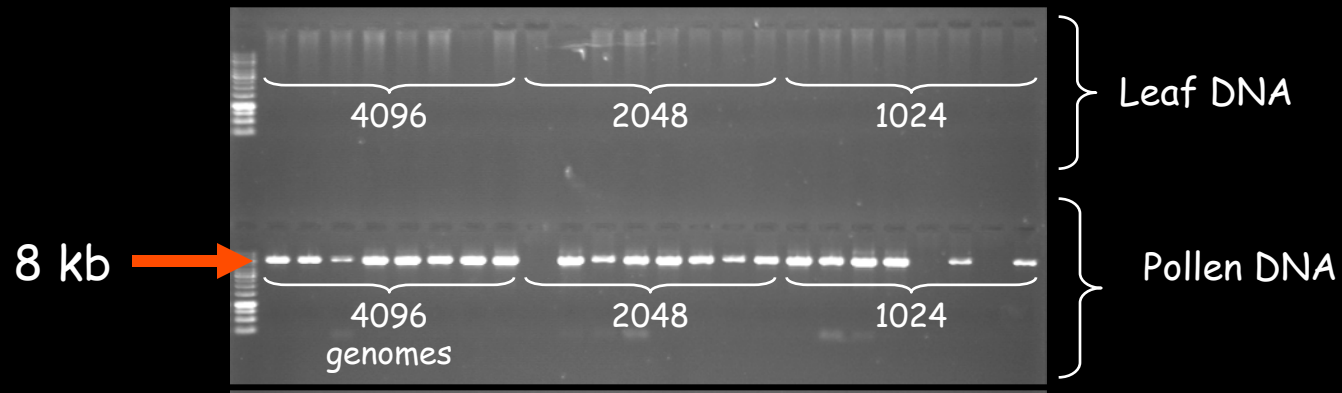
cM/Mb





# CO detection by pollen typing: example at 130x

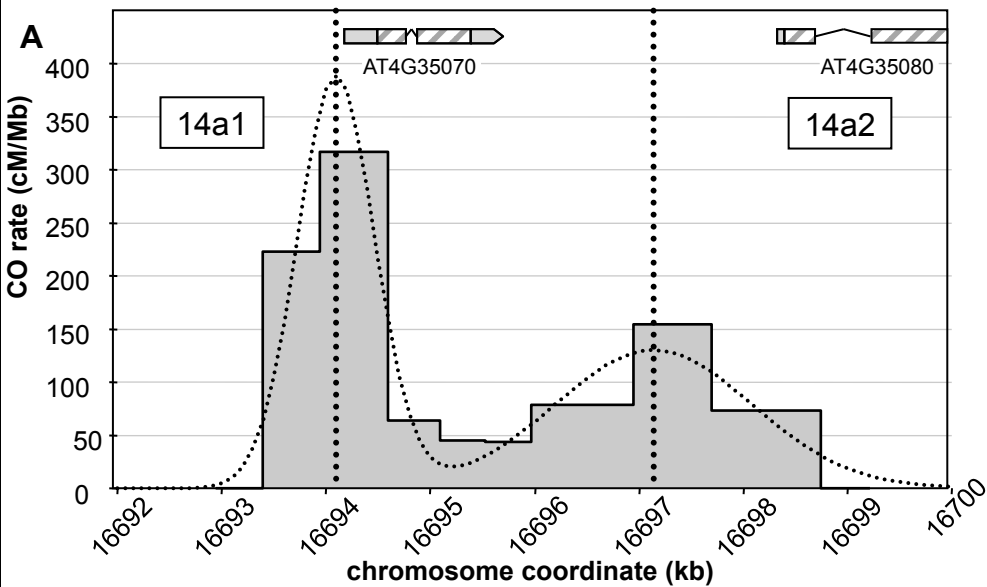
Recombination rate: 1 / 200 genomes



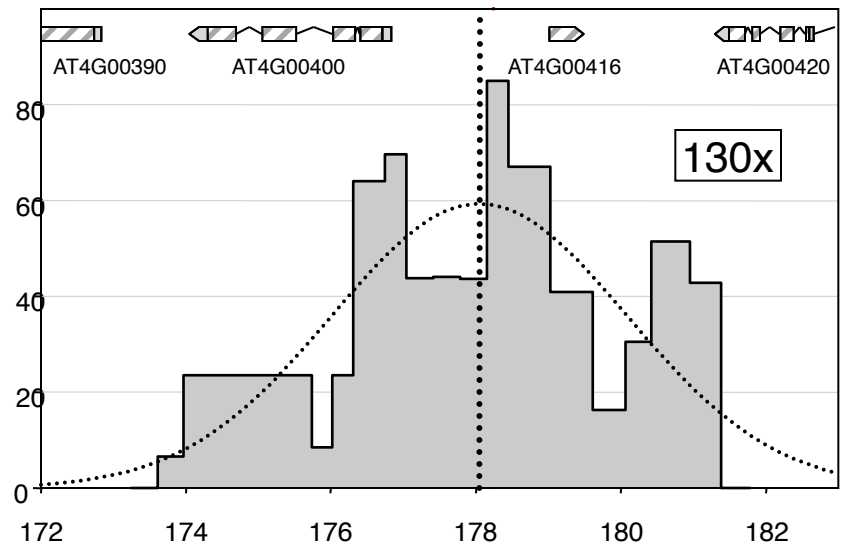
## Main difficulty

Specific Long PCR (up to 14 kb.....) on single recombinant molecules diluted in hundreds of non recombinant molecule recognized by the same primers .....

# Clusters of CO at hotspots of meiotic recombination

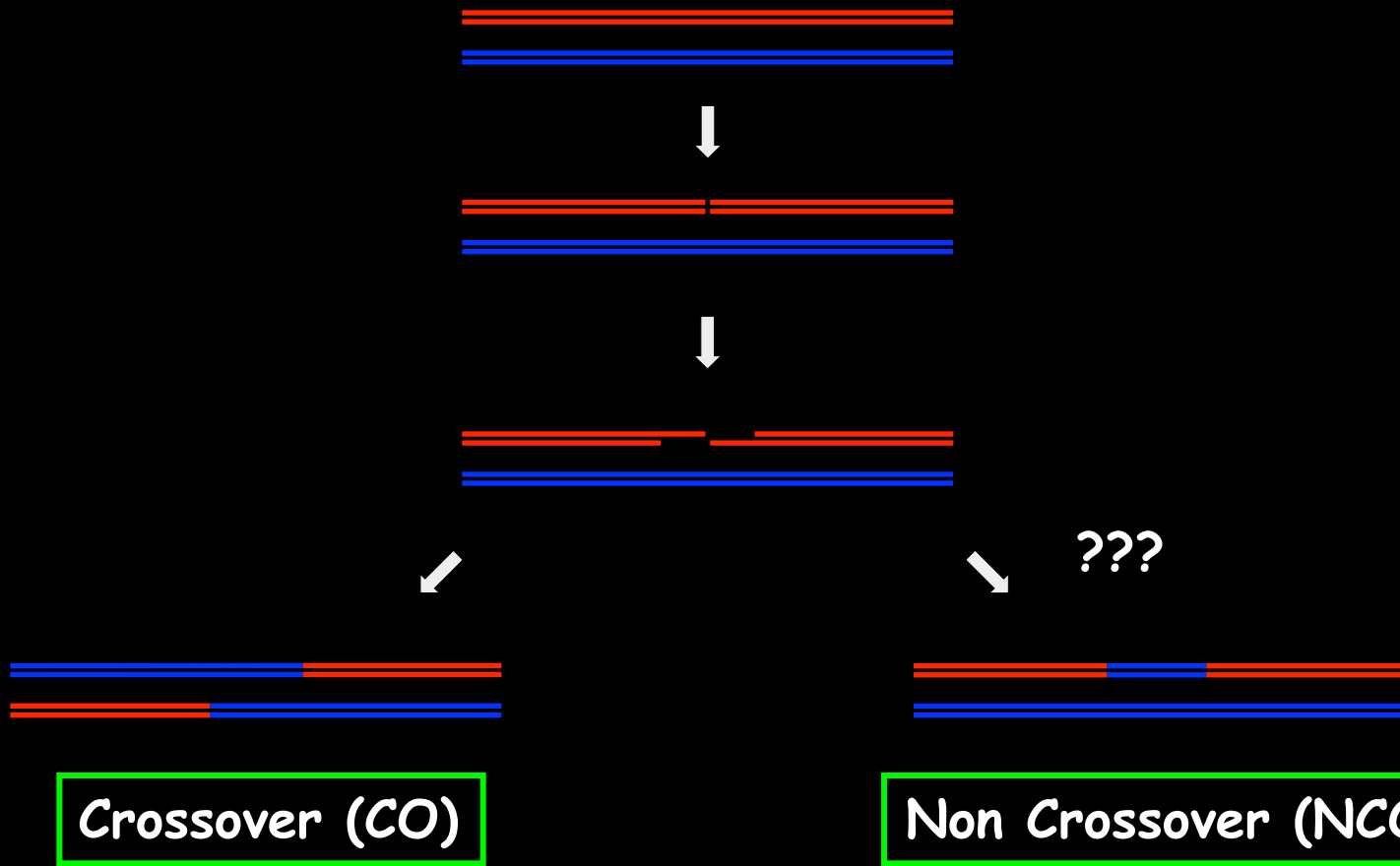


104 COs    0.55% (0,29-0,95)



167 COs    0.53% (0,37-0,78)

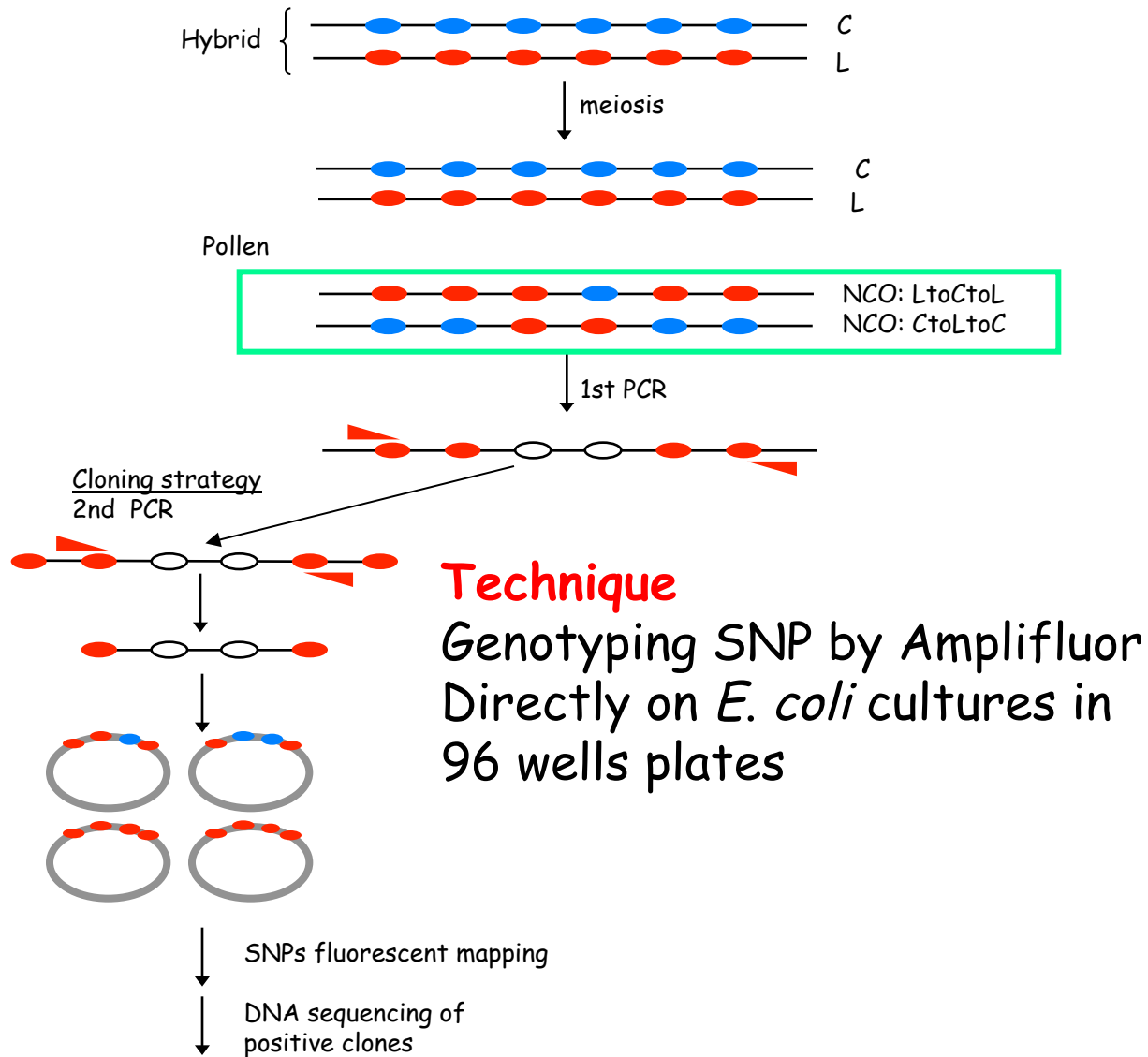
# NCOs at meiotic recombination hotspots



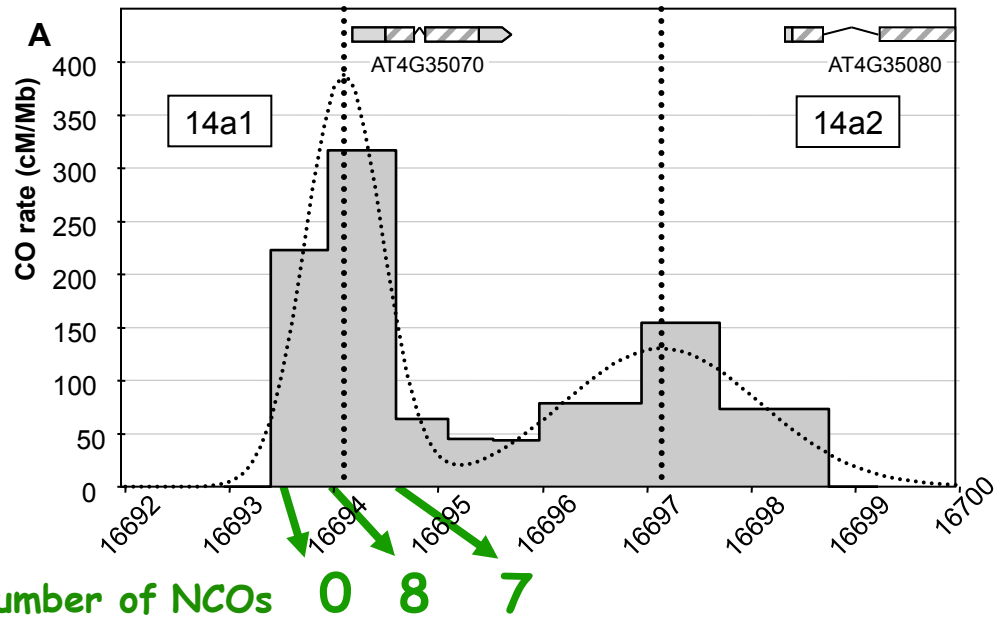
Only four NCOs had been detected in  
*Arabidopsis*

(Francis et al., 2007; Lu et al, 2012)

# NCO detection: PCR based strategies



# NCOs at 14a1



3000 clones tested

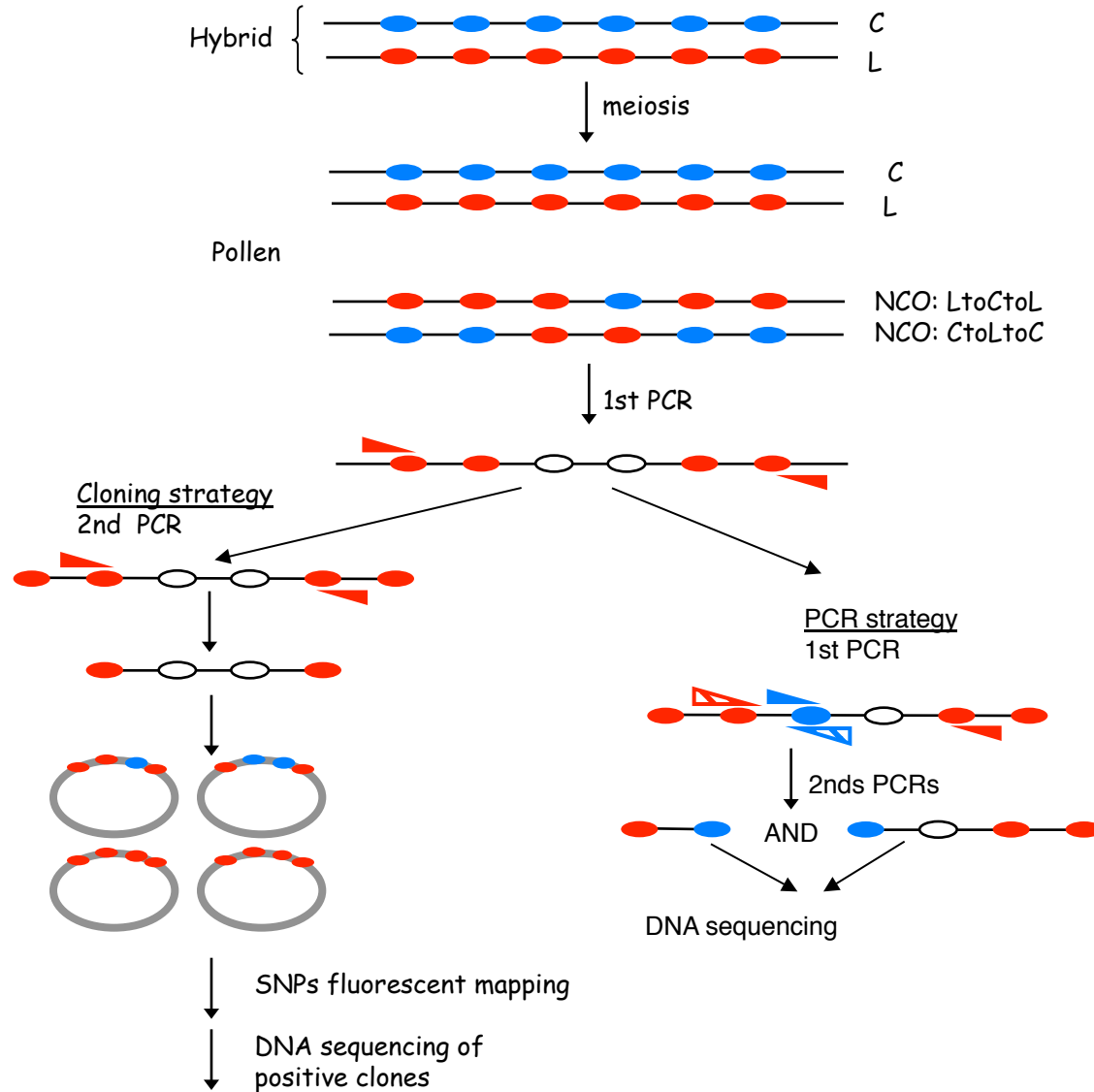
NCOs Rate: 0.5% (0.28-0.82)

CO/NCO 1.7 : 1

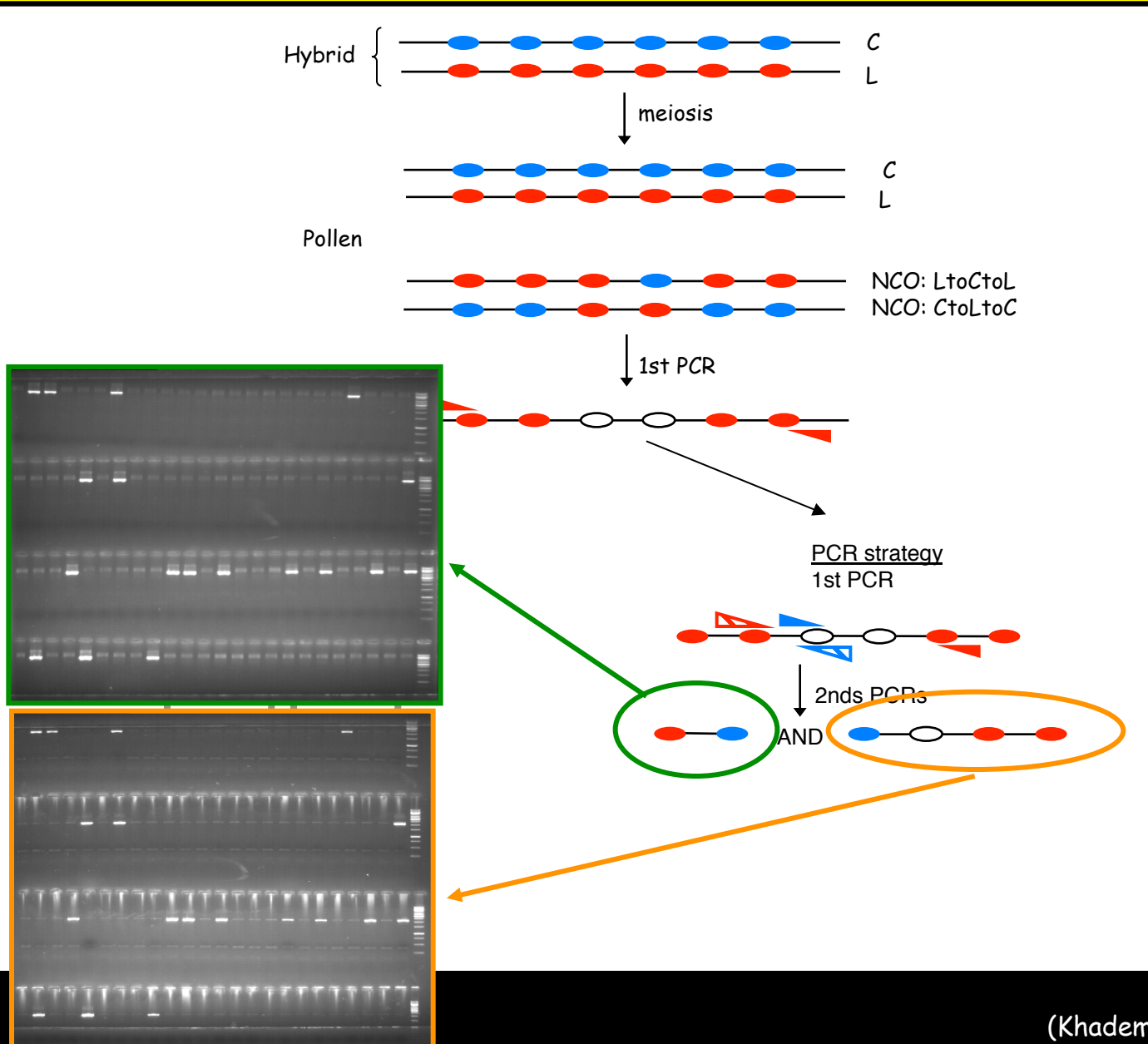
Tract length: 1 bp to 480 bp (conversion of a single SNP)

Average: 277 bp

# NCO detection: PCR based strategies

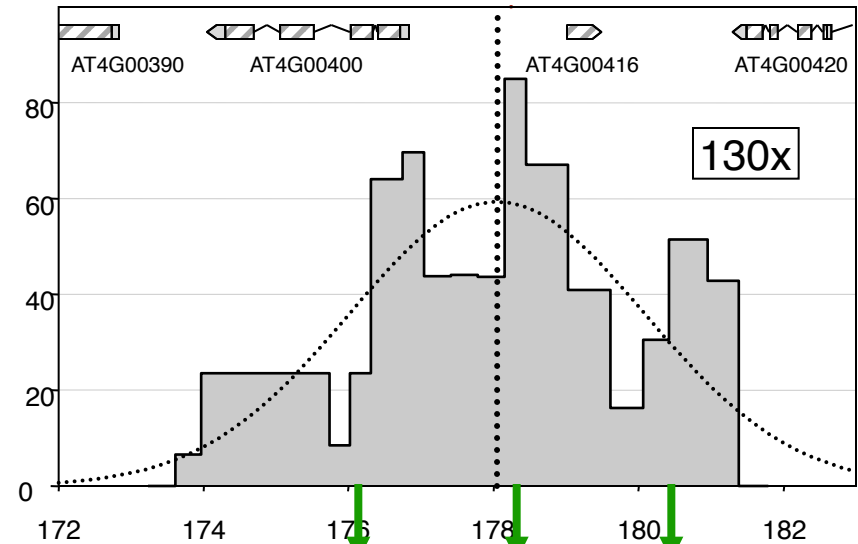


# NCO detection: PCR based strategies



# Detection of NCOs at 130x

398,000 genomes tested  
Pollen typing based detection



Number of NCOs

30

29

4

Rate: 1 /13,267  
0.008% (0.005-0.011)

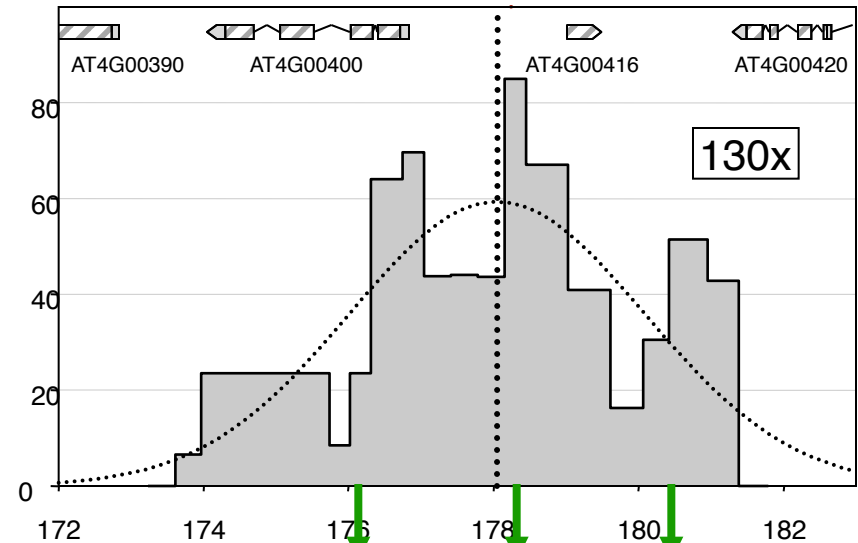
Rate: 1 /13,724  
0.007% (0.005-0.010)

Rate : 1 /99,500  
0.001% (0.0004-0.0033)



# Detection of NCOs at 130x

398,000 genomes tested  
Pollen typing based detection



Number of NCOs

30

29

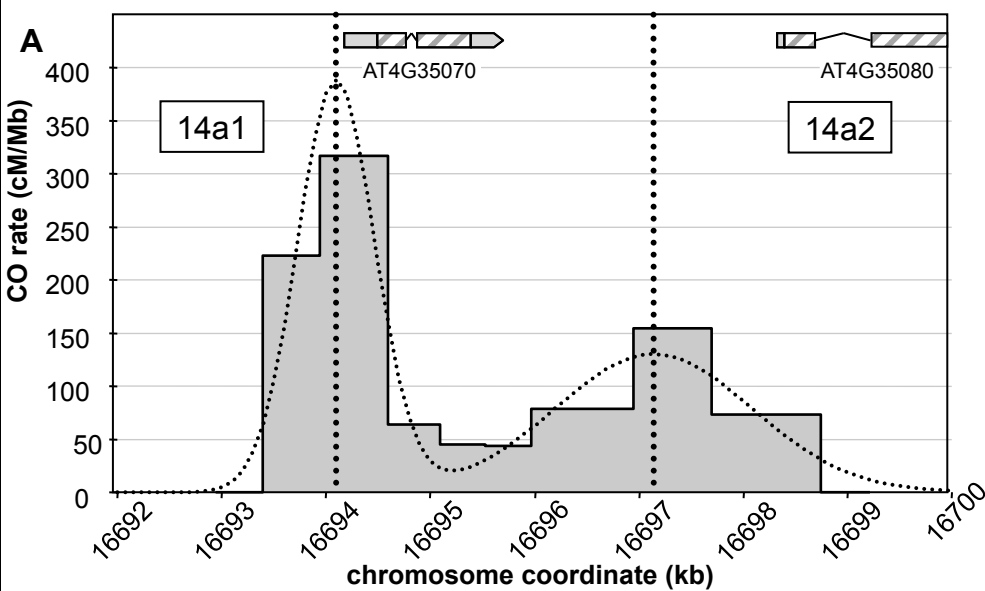
4

Rate: 1 / 13,267  
0.008% (0.005-0.011)  
Length: 13 to 3271 bp  
Average: 979

Rate: 1 / 13,724  
0.007% (0.005-0.010)  
Length: 5 to 1615 bp  
Average: 491 bp

Rate : 1 / 99,500  
0.001% (0.0004-0.0033)  
Length: 14 to 3045 bp

# Clusters of CO and NCOs at hotspots of meiotic recombination

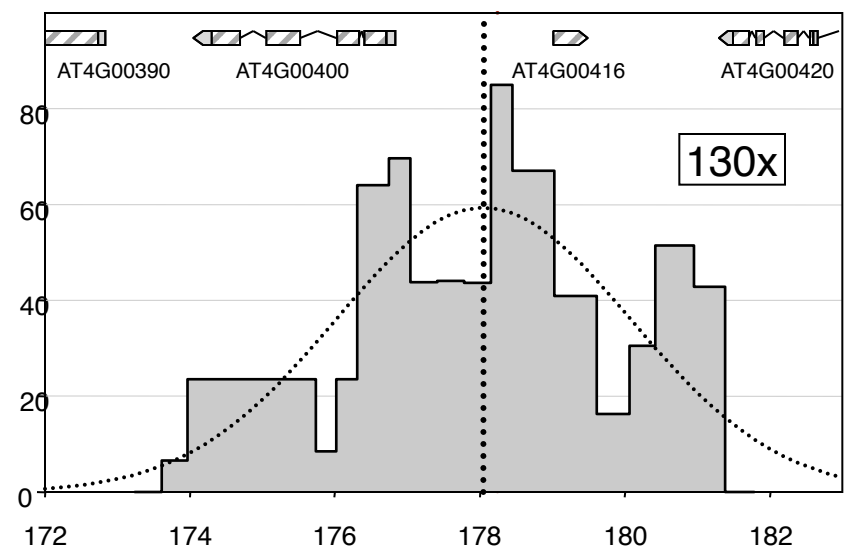


104 COs 0.55%

15 NCOs / 6000 0.5%

CO/NCOs: 1.7

Average: 277 bp



167 COs 0.53%

63 NCOs / 3980000 0.016%

COs/NCOs : 20

Average: 808 bp

## Conclusions part 2

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Drouaud et al, 2013

There are hotspots of meiotic recombination in *A. thaliana*

Hotspots tend to cluster in small regions

NCO rates are extremely variable from one Hotspot to another one

# Recombination in meiosis : Where and How Many events ?

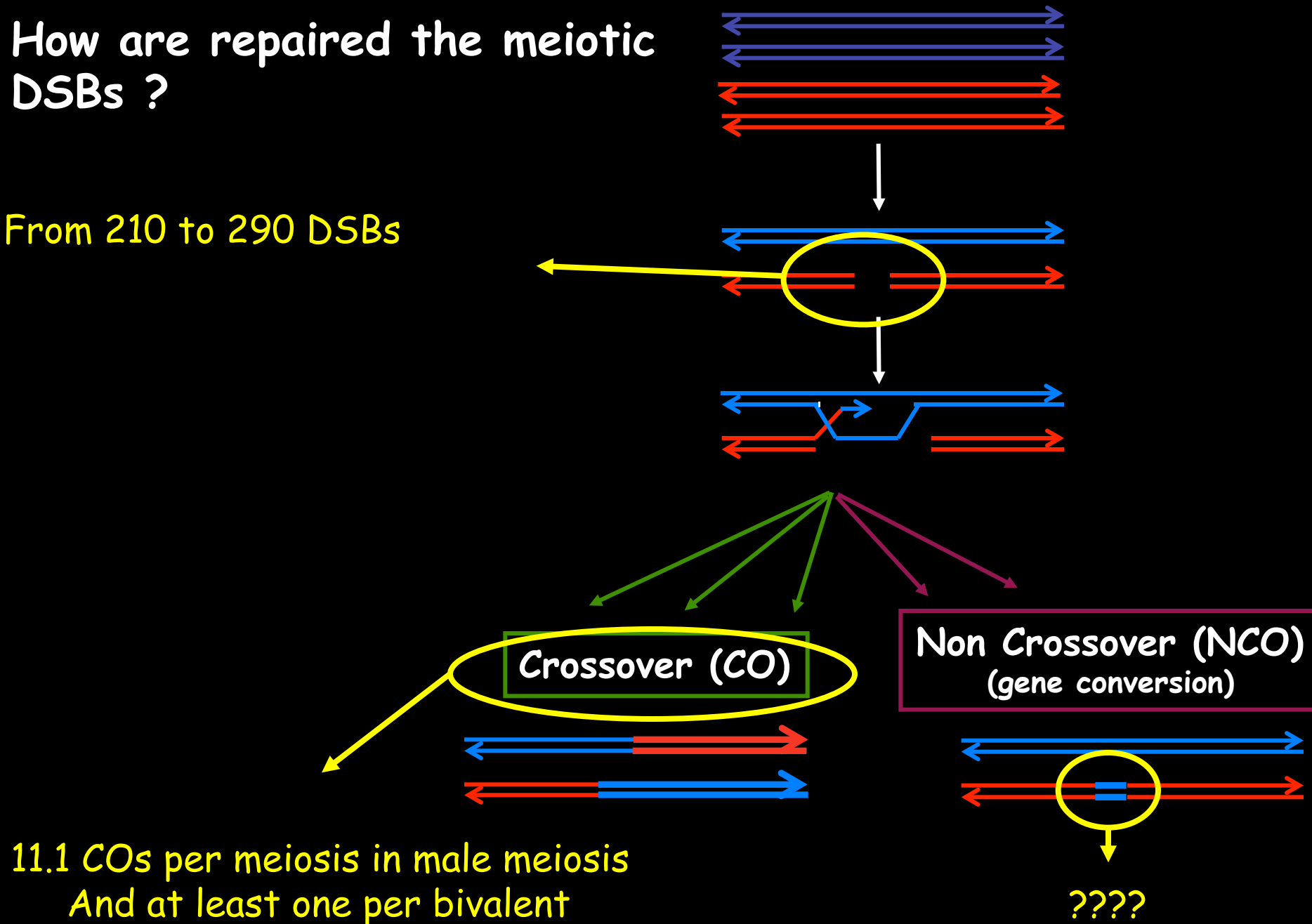
---

3 approaches in parallel :

- . Genome wide analysis of COs rate and distribution
- . Local analysis of COs and NCOs rate and distribution
- . Analysis of the number and the type of recombination vents (CO and NCO) in **ONE** single meiosis

# How are repaired the meiotic DSBs ?

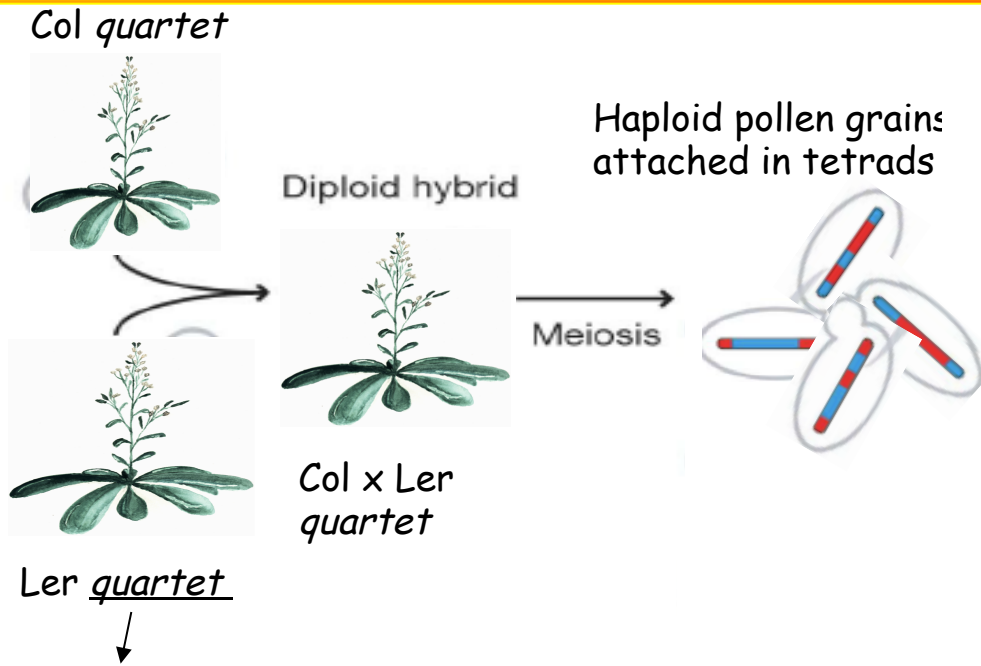
From 210 to 290 DSBs



11.1 COs per meiosis in male meiosis  
And at least one per bivalent

????

# Plan de bataille



Fertilization on Col quartet

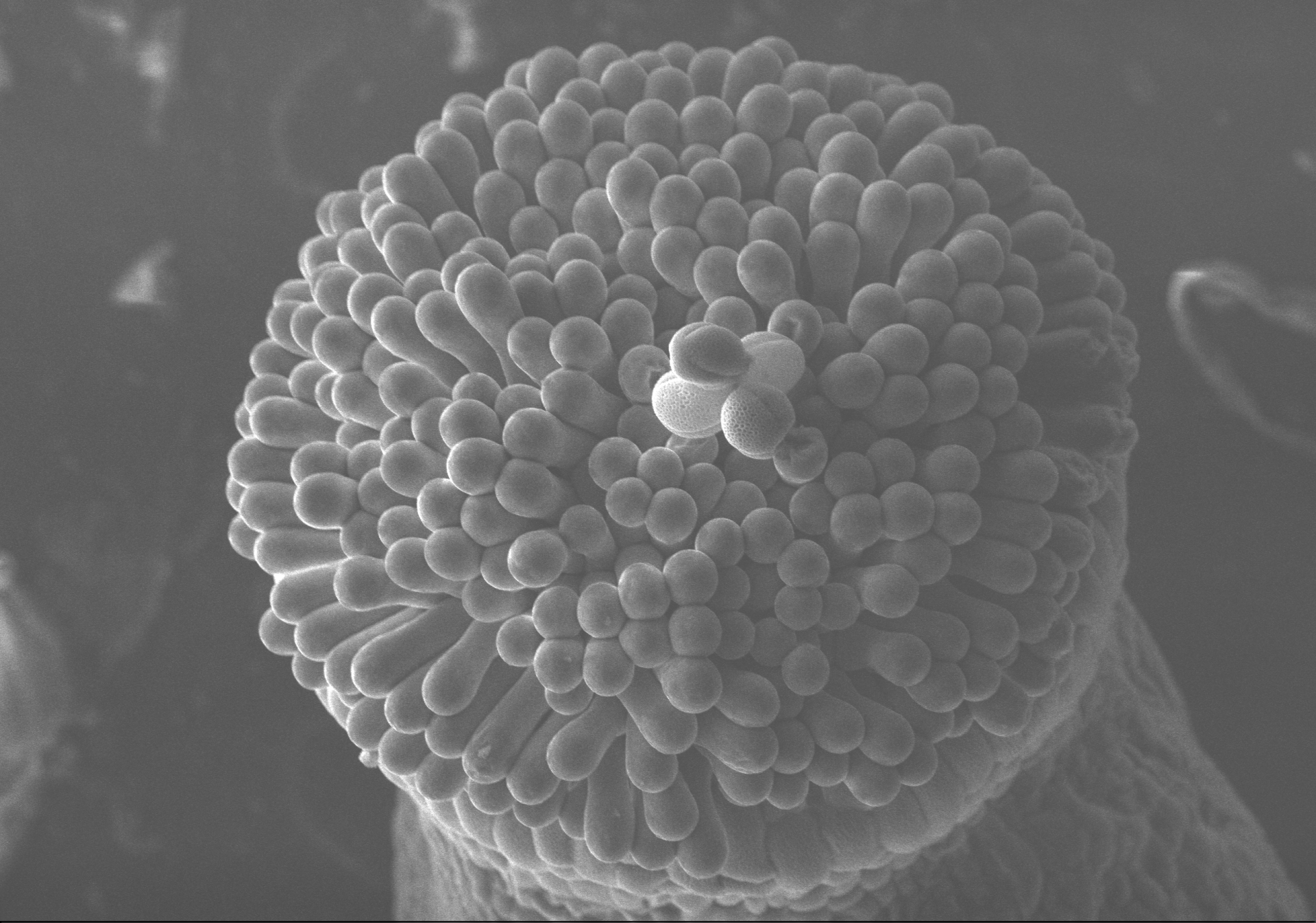


Fruits with four seeds !!



DNA extraction and Hi Seq sequencing



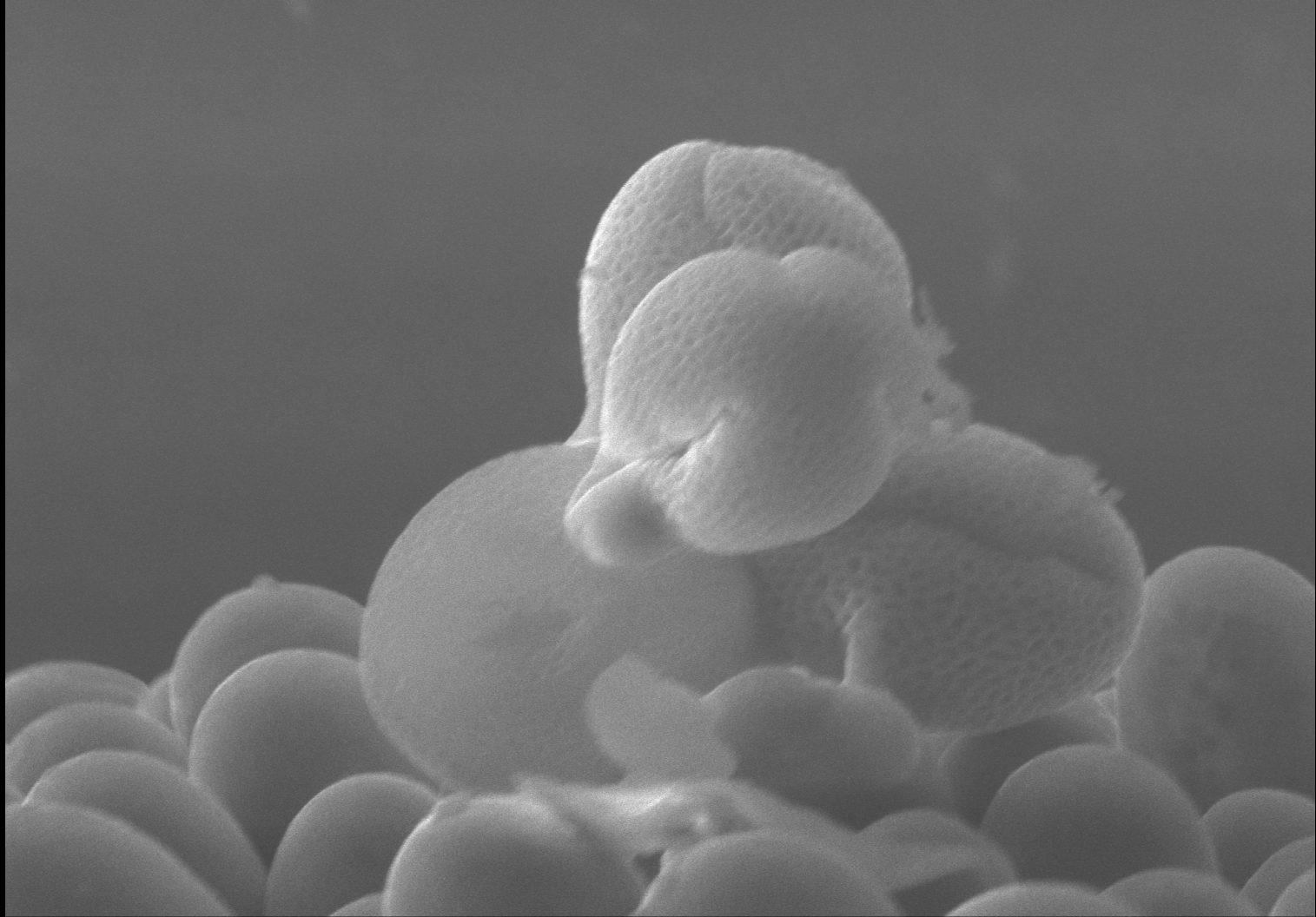


INRA-PCIV

15 kV x300



100 um



INRA-PCIV

15 kV x1.5k

30 um



# Plan de bataille (suite)

Not very Efficient : 2000 fertilizations  
12 fruits with 4 seeds  
4 "true" tetrads

Sequencing done at EPGV, Evry : NGS, Illumina , 2x 100 bp pair-end ,  
Coverage between 35 to 50x

Bio-informatic analysis performed by Delphine Charif, Bioinformatic unit,  
IJPB, Versailles

"Theoretical" Polymorphisms : 690 522 SNPs + 174 638 indels

Polymorphisms / tetrad : 370 442 to 390 582

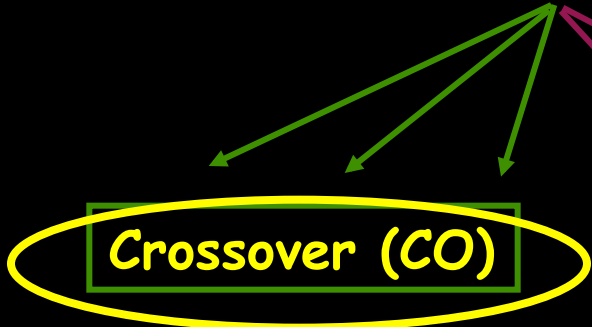
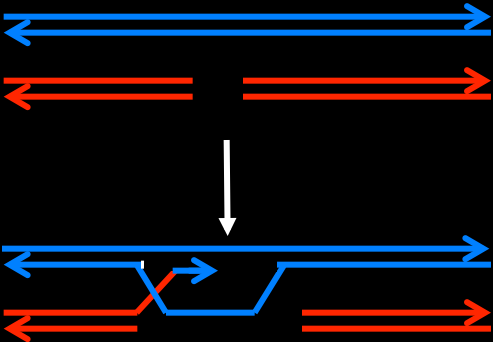
0,3% of divergence

	T1	T2	T3	T4
COs	10	9	10	11
Verified by Sanger	10	9	10	11

	T1	T2	T3	T4
NCOs	40	15	29	20
Verified by Sanger	4	1	3	2 ? ongoing
Length from 1 bp to 6,3 kb (1 SNP to 7 SNPs)				

Very few NCOs detected in a single meiosis.....!!!

From 210 to 290 DSB sites



To 9 to 11 COs per meiosis

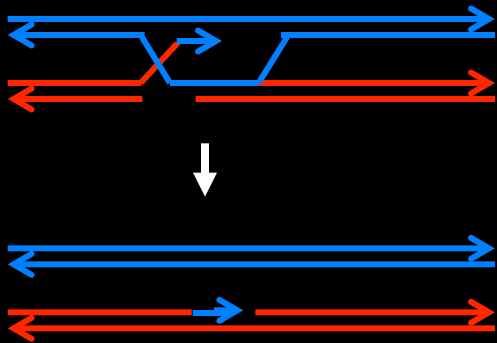


To 1 to 4 NCOs per meiosis  
(Liu et al., 2012; Wijnker et al., 2013)

# How are repaired the DSBs ?

From 210 to 290 DSB sites

To 9 to 11 COs per meiosis plus 1 to 4 NCOs



NCOs ? If so very small conversion tracts that rarely involve a SNP !!! (a few bp....)

# How are repaired the DSBs ?

From 210 to 290 DSB sites

To 9 to 11 COs per meiosis plus 1 to 5 NCOS



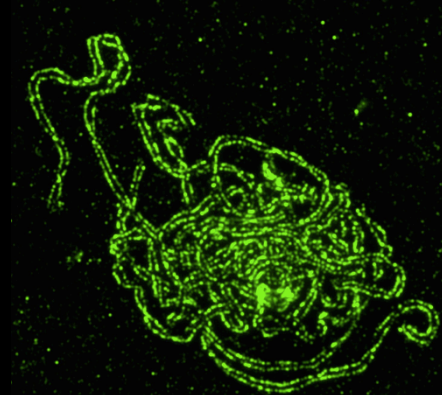
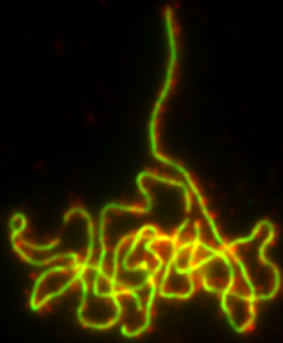
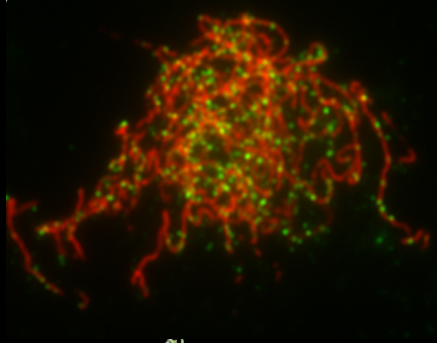
NCOs ? If so very small conversion tracts that rarely involve a SNP !!! (a few bp....)

Sister Chromatid ? May be but how many ?

Other: Mismatch repair, ligation ?

Ongoing:

Genetic Maps, Hotspots and Tetrads analyses being done in various mutant context



Is there recombination in meiosis ?

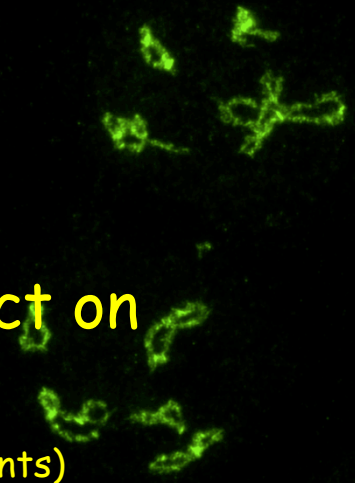
YES !

And it is essential ....

But it is mainly COs

and NCOs have a very limited impact on  
haplotype landscape

(at least in *Arabidopsis* and perhaps more generally plants)



Ces résultats ont été obtenus grâce à



Jan Drouaud  
Laurène Giraut  
Hossein Khademian  
Vanessa Zanni

Delphine Charif, and all the Bioinformatic unit , IJPB

Olivier Martin, Matthieu Falque, Sayantani Basu-Roy INRA le Moulon

Equipe EPGV, CNG, Evry

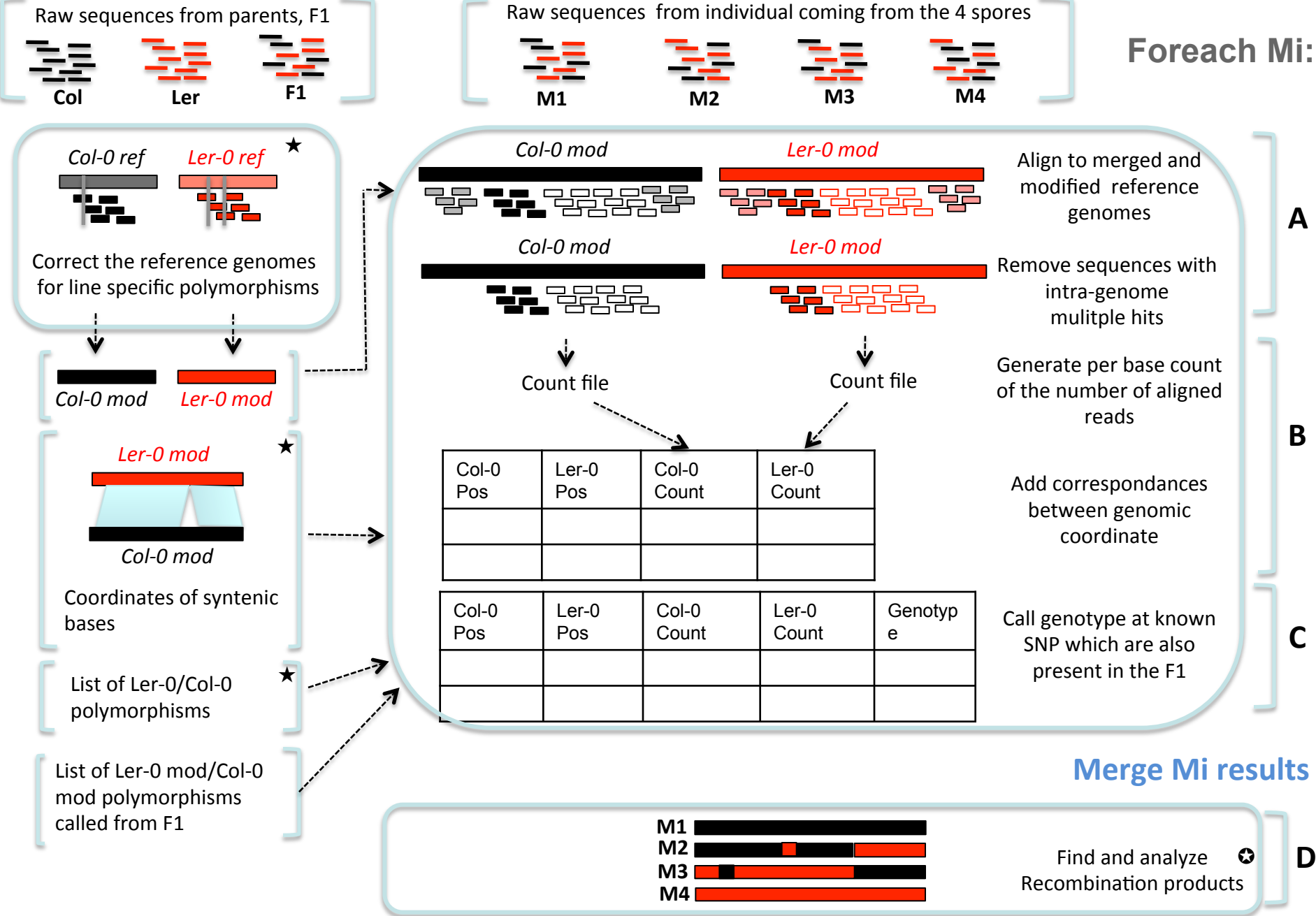
Fundings





# Groupe Méiose et Recombinaison

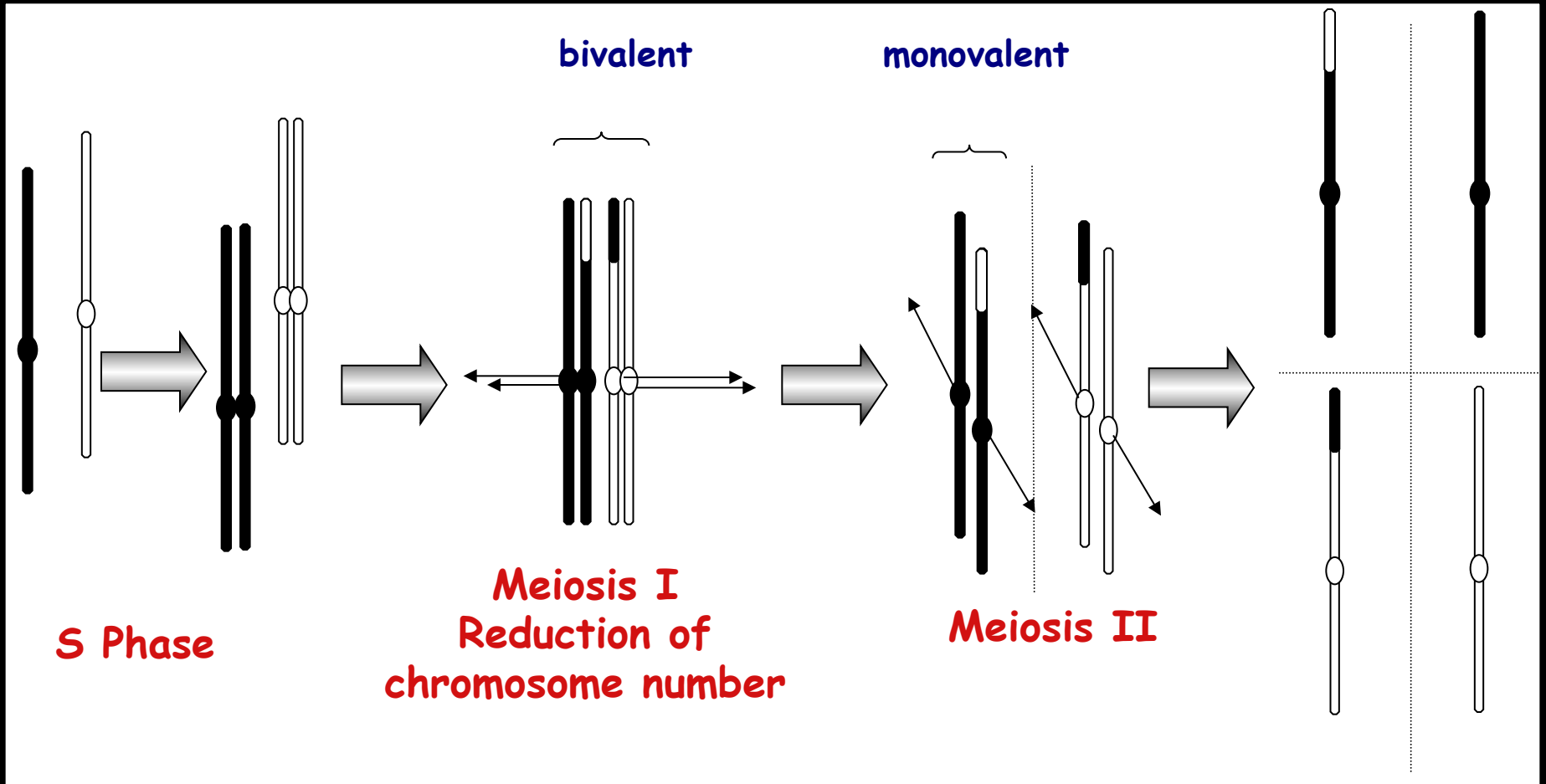




★ Gan, X et al. (2011). Multiple reference genomes and transcriptomes for Arabidopsis thaliana. Nature.

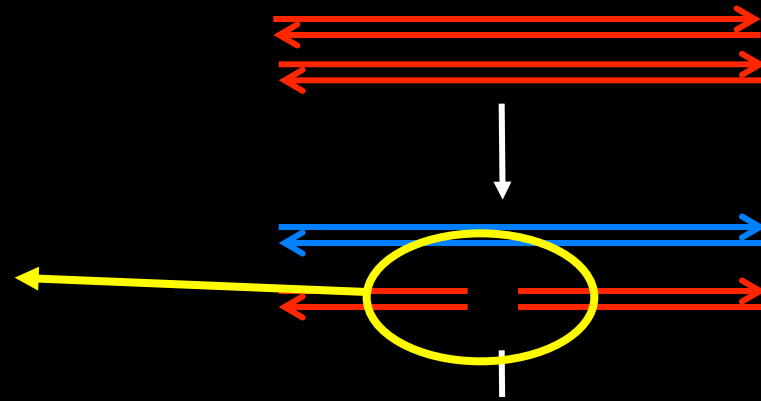
⊛ Anderson, C. M. et al. (2011). ReCombine: A Suite of Programs for Detection and Analysis of Meiotic Recombination in Whole-Genome Datasets. PLoS ONE.

# The aim of meiosis: reduction of ploidy

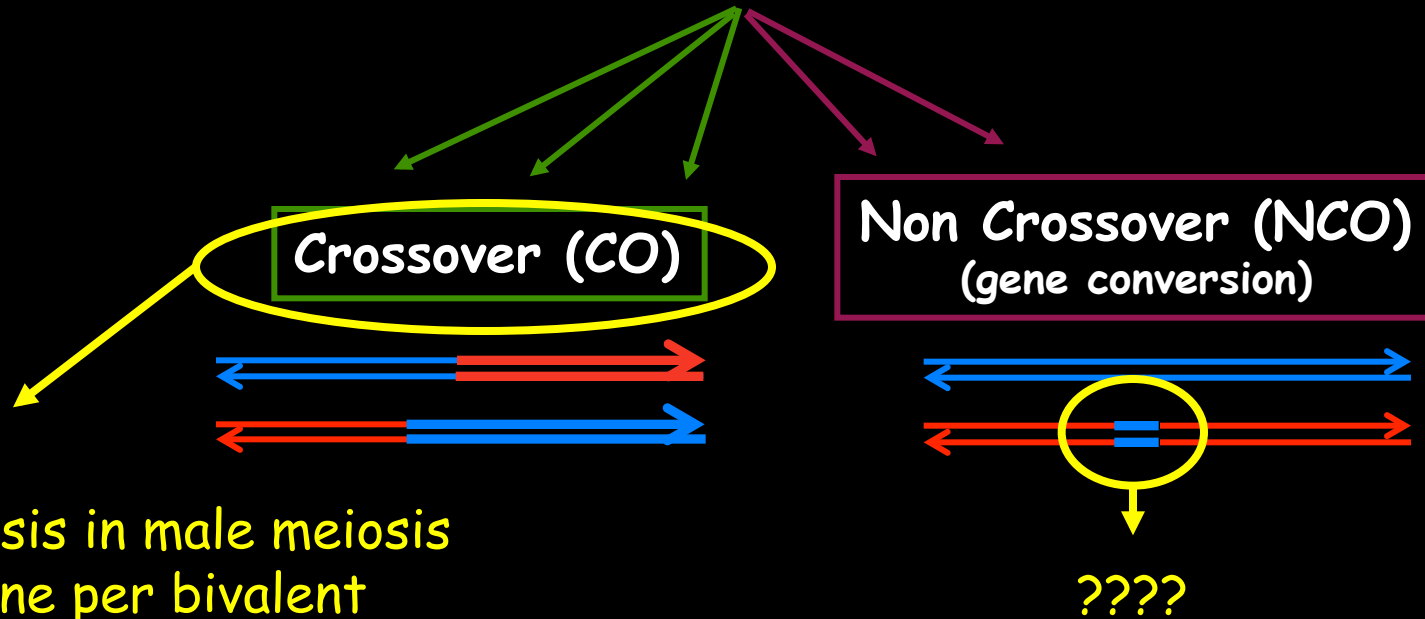


# How many Recombination events in one meiosis ?

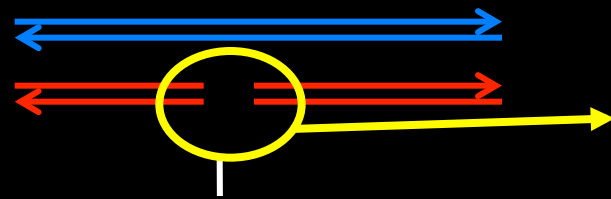
From 210 to 290 DMC1 foci  
(DSBs repair sites)



## How are repaired the DSBs ?

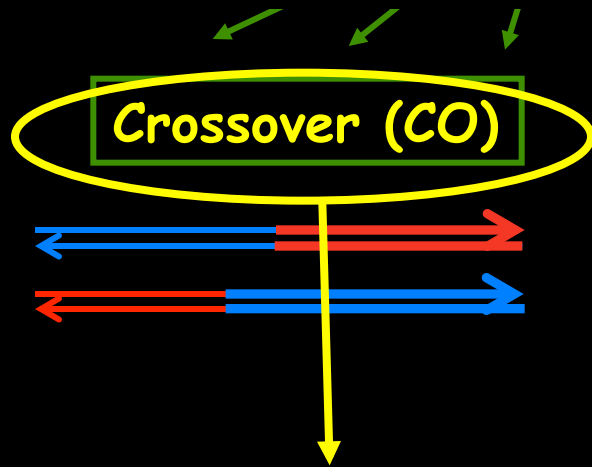


11.1 COs per meiosis in male meiosis  
And at least one per bivalent



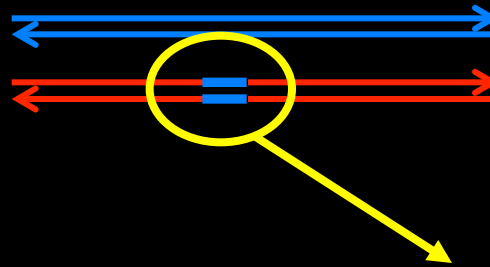
From 210 to 290 DSB sites

# How are repaired the other DSBs ?



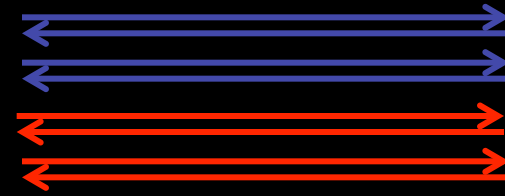
To 9 to 11 COs per meiosis

Non Crossover (NCO)  
(gene conversion)

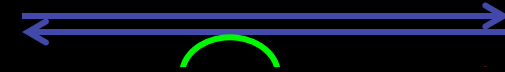


To 1 to 5 NCOs per meiosis  
(Liu et al., 2012; Wijnker et al., 2013)

# Meiotic Recombination



Double strand breaks ↓



Is there recombination in meiosis ?

YES !

And it is essential ....

But where ?

And how many events ?

