

# Implementation and Evaluation of Oxford Nanopore Technologies

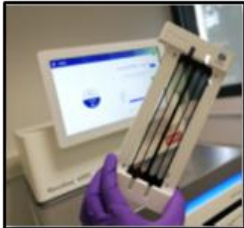


Colloque EPGV

Octobre 2018

Camille Eché

- Genomics and Transcriptomics (GeT) Platform of Genotoul hosted by
- NGS technologies :



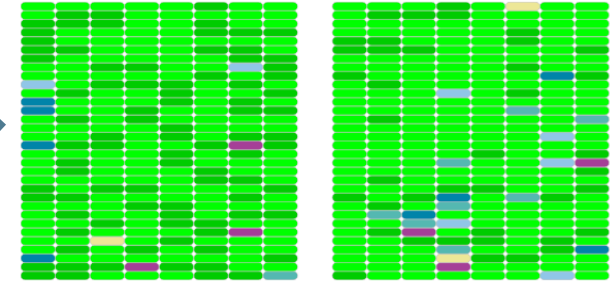
Short reads	Long reads	Synthetic long reads
		
<u>Illumina :</u> MiSeq HiSeq 3000 NovaSeq	<u>ONT :</u> MinION GridION PromethION	<u>10x genomics :</u> Chromium

- A strong partnership with a bioinformatics core facility
- A node of the National Distributed Infrastructure « France Génomique »
- Quality certifications ISO9001 & NFX 50 900, Propel

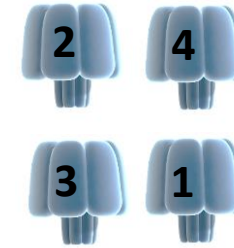


# Oxford Nanopore Technologies

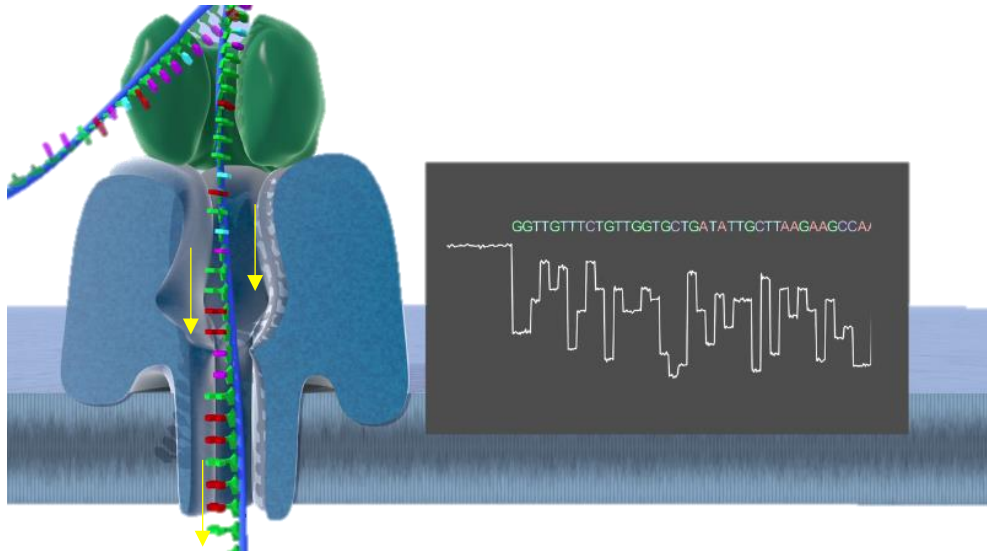
*How it works*



512 channels



4 pores per channel



- A **protein** is set in an electrically resistant polymer membrane
- An **ionic current** is passed through the nanopore
- The **event / base** creates a characteristic disruption in current
- Identification of G, A, T and C bases

# Oxford Nanopore Technologies

*Validation in progress  
Same quality and more quantity  
of data in comparison with the  
GridION*



ONT	MinION	GridION	PromethION
Number of FC	1	5	24 (up to 48)
Nanopore channels per FC	512	512	3000
Data per flow cell	~ 7 Gb	~ 7 Gb (35 Gb)	~ 25 to 100 Gb (1,2 Tb, up to 2,4 Tb)
Live basecalling	Minknow	Albacore	Albacore
Price per FC	790 \$	790 \$	2000 \$
Price per Gb	112 \$	112 \$	40 \$



# Library preparation

- Have a good DNA quality



Nanodrop

A260/280 = 1.8-2.0

A260/230 = 2.0-2.2

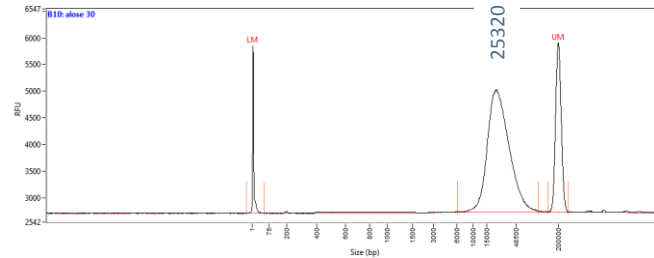


A bad ratio can warn of a library that blocks pores

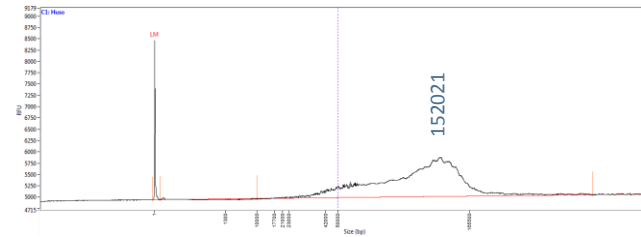
- Start the library prep with the **right number of molecules**



Qubit



Fragment analyzer  
DNA < 40 kb



FEMTO  
DNA > 40 kb (up to 165 kb)



Importance of the quality controls

# Library preparation

- Make a suitable library prep

**Megaruptor shearing : 20kb**  
(improves the yield ; if necessary)

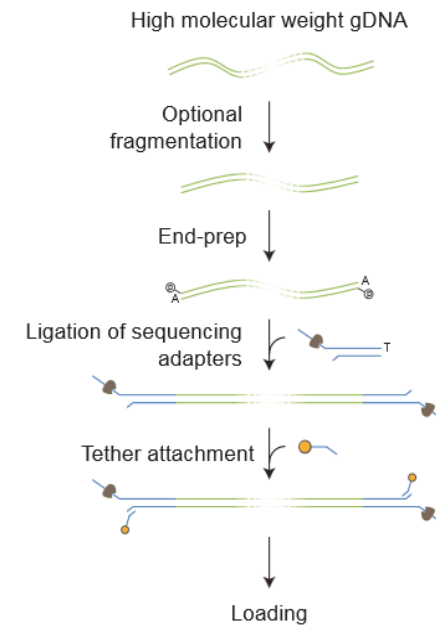


**BluePippin : > 10kb**  
(Removes small fragments ; if necessary)

**OPTIONAL**



**1D lib prep : LSK 109**  
(optimized for long fragments)

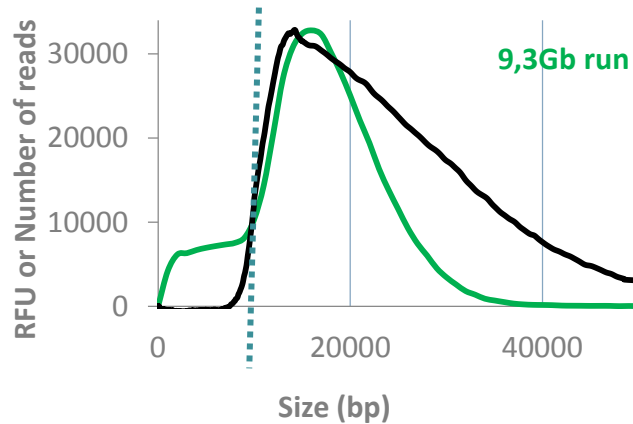
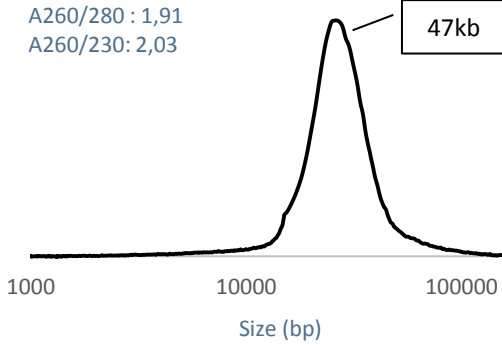


**Less purification steps**

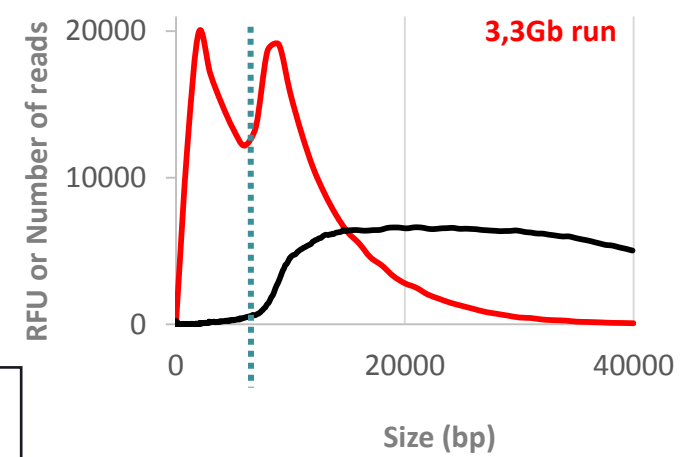
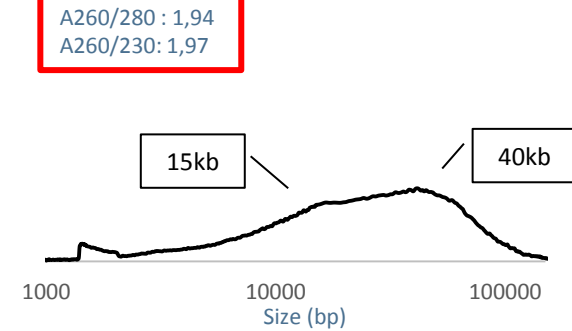
Shearing 20kb → 1D lib prep : DNA repair, ligation adaptaters and motor → Loading and sequencing

# Quality impact

## Non degraded DNA



## Degraded DNA



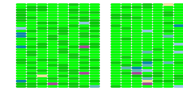
20kb shearing  
>10kb selection



The read distribution depends on the DNA quality

# Shearing impact

15kb – 20kb DNA : preferred size



Similar number of active pores  
Similar number of molecules loaded

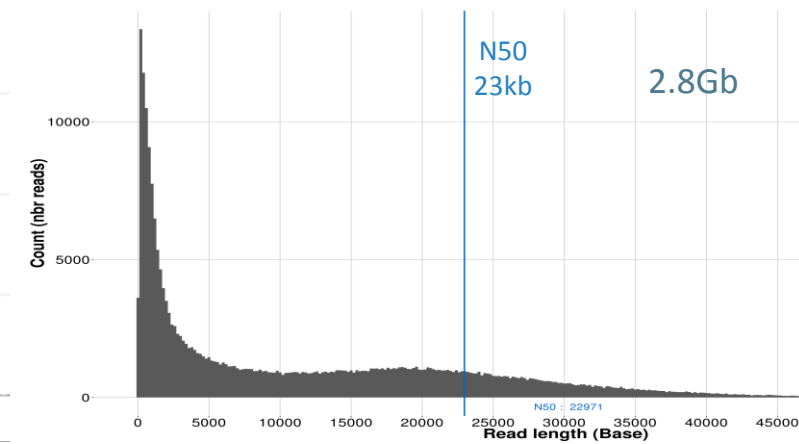
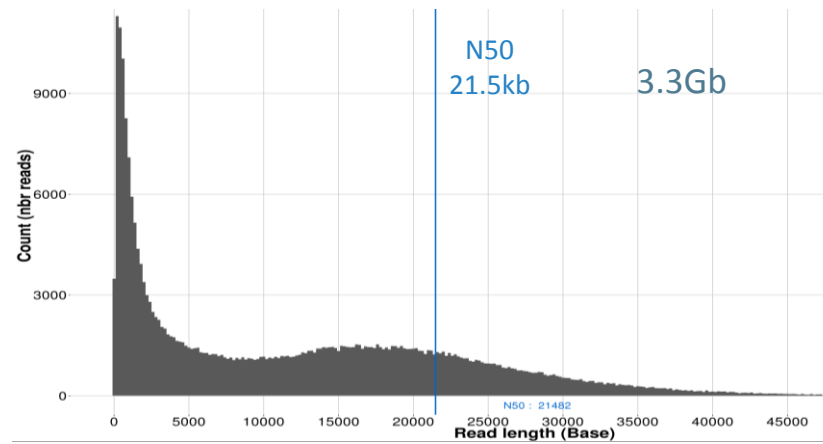
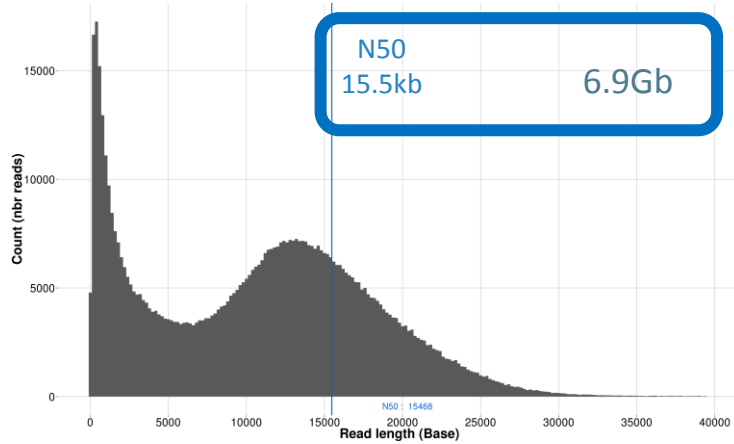


20kb shearing

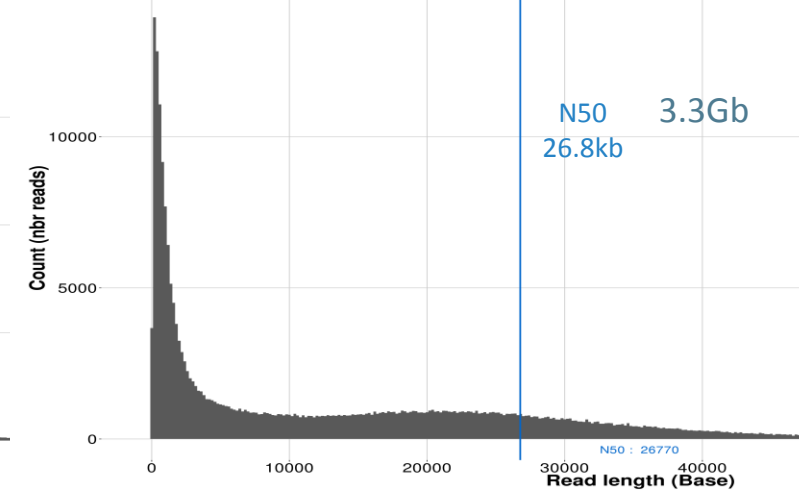
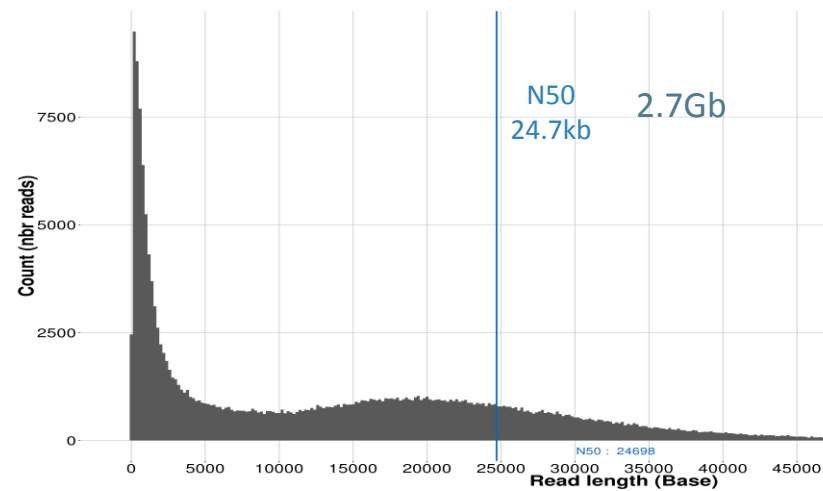
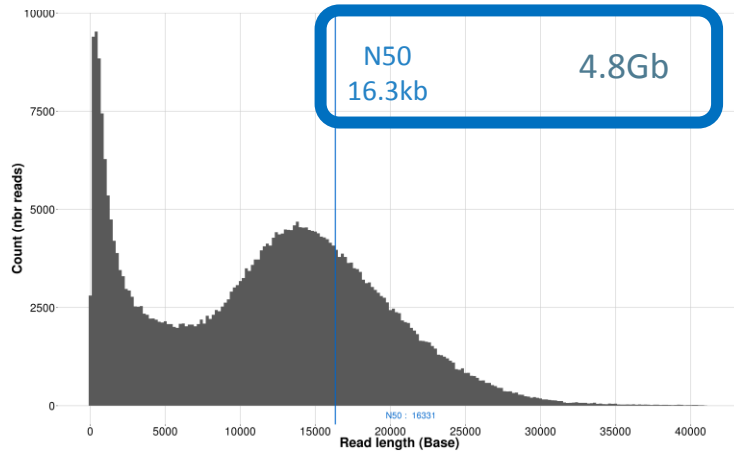
30kb shearing

40kb shearing

DNA 1



DNA 2



20kb DNA : preferred size

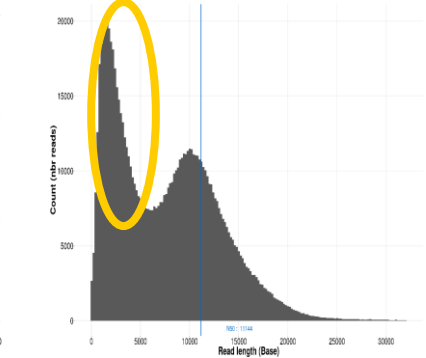
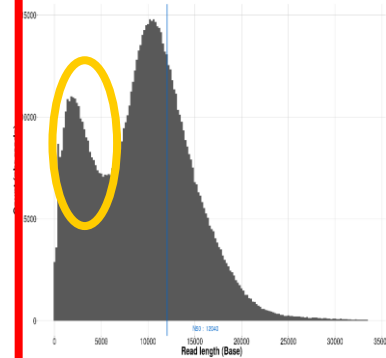
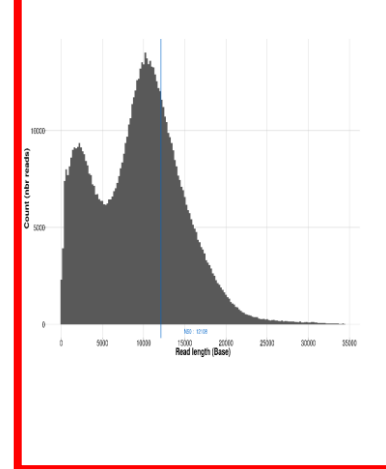
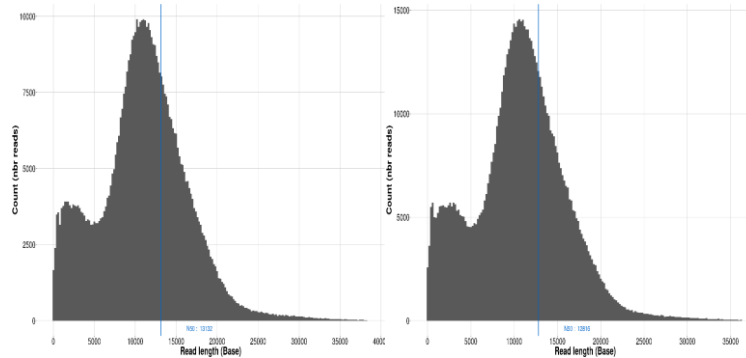


# Concentration impact

ONT specification for R9.4.1 : 0,005 pM → 0,05 pM

## Flow cell loading test : Loading concentration range

Concentration pM	0,005	0,025	0,05	0,075	0,1
Gbases	6,1	8,5	7,6	8,3	6,3
N50 (kb)	13,15	12,8	12,13	12,06	11,16

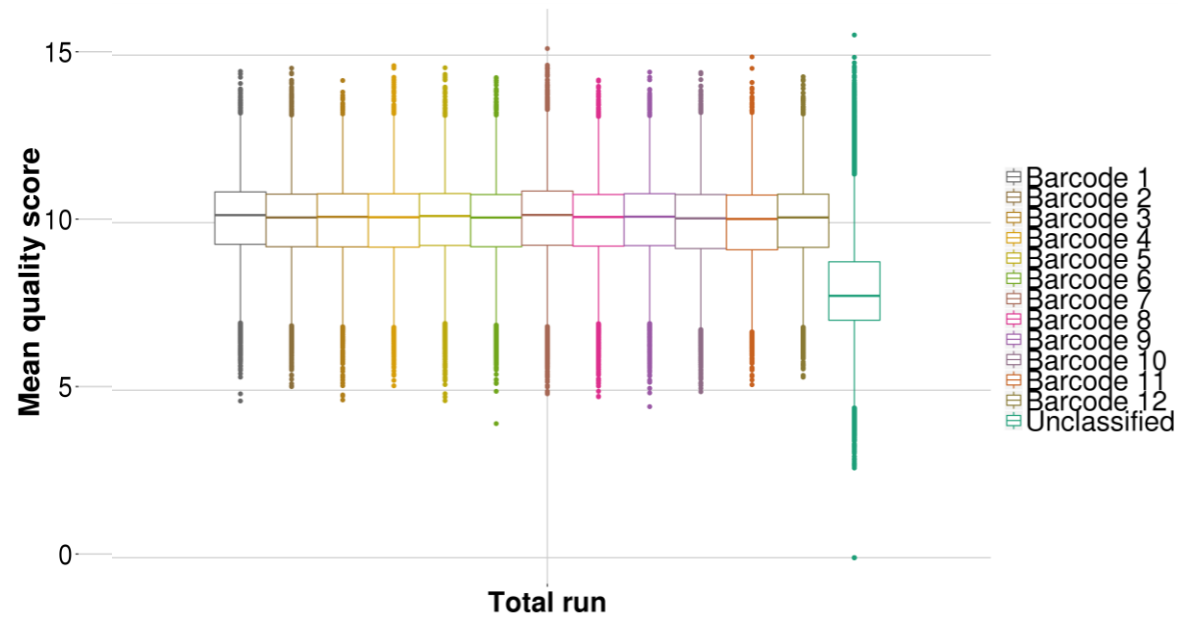


**0,05 pM DNA** : Due to the results : First option tested  
Adaptation in progress

Increase loading → Increase small sequenced reads  
→ Decreases the N50

# Multiplex impact

*Multisample run to lower the cost*



12plex – 20kb shearing

Similar quality between samples : equimolarity  
More than 70% of reads assigned to a barcode  
30% non assigned reads due to the technology

# RevD impact : a new electrical system on the R9.4.1 flow cell

## R9.4.1 flowcell

Basic matrices report	
nb_reads	1 101 227
total_bases	10 621 122 198
median_read_length	10 001
N50_read_length	13 988
L50_read_length	296 017
median_yield_per_sec	337,89
nb_actif_channel	499

Quality report	
median_read_quality	10,60
nb_read_Q>5	1 067 916 (96,98%)
nb_read_Q>10	698 914 (63,47%)
total_bases_Q>10	7 217 150 933 (67,95%)
nb_read_Q>15	0 (0,00%)

## R9.4.1 \_ RevD flowcell

Basic matrices report	
nb_reads	1 756 297
total_bases	14 257 839 868
median_read_length	7 453
N50_read_length	13 041
L50_read_length	422 335
median_yield_per_sec	310,59
nb_actif_channel	505

Quality report	
median_read_quality	10,30
nb_read_Q>5	1 688 028 (96,11%)
nb_read_Q>10	984 860 (56,08%)
total_bases_Q>10	8 944 105 463 (62,73%)
nb_read_Q>15	0 (0,00%)

- ➔ Increases the amount of data : 10 Gb to 14 Gb
- ➔ Same N50 and quality

# First test on our PromethION

- Similar concentration loaded 0,05 pM
- Same library loaded

	GridION	PromethION
Total bases (Gb)	7,2	65,5
N50 read length (kb)	15441	14623
Active pores	1509	7432



N50 calculated from all sequences :

- More data generated → more small sequences too

Validation in progress :  
Same quality and more quantity of data in comparison with the GridION

# Remerciements



**Céline Roques, Céline Vandecasteele, Claire Kuchly,  
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**Abdelhafid Bendahmane**



# Assembly : Pacbio vs Nanopore

## Completeness

**Example of a bacterial genome assembly :**  
Same quantity of data / Same informatics resources

Same contig metrics :  
1 contig, 5Mb

## Assemblies assesment (BUSCOv2)

Completeness based on Bacterial orthologues data base (148 genes)

Assembly sets	Complete genes	Fragmented genes	Missing genes
MinION 1D-CANU	53.4%	18.9%	27.7%
MinION 1D <sup>2</sup> -CANU	68.9%	14.9%	16.2%
MinION 1D or 1D <sup>2</sup> -CANU-PILON	95.3%	0	4.7%
RSII-HGAP3	95.3%	0	4.7%

Pilon : Illumina polishing